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Making The Grade

Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc.

2003 Progress Report

Γ	Restructure Company	A+	
- 1		A-	
-	Improve Balance Sheet	B+	1
	Enhance Marketing Efforts	A-	1
	Develop New Tests	B	1
	Increase Sales	+-	
	Benefit from Federal "No Child Left Behind" Act	Вт	

Comments: Good job. Expect continued effort. More improvement ahead.



PROCESSED

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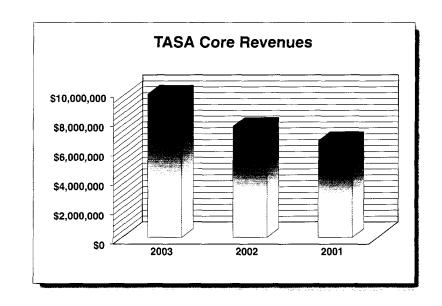
2003 Annual Report

DOMINUNICATION & COMPREHENSION & GROWING UP & LEARNING & ASSESSMENT & LESSONS & NO LD LEFT BEHIND & GUIDING & TESTING & SCHOOLING & DEVELOPMENT & FUTTING EDUCATION FIRS CHOOL CHILDREN & GRADE & READING & EDUCATION & KNOWLEDGE & WISDOM & INTELLIGENCE PERIENCE & PARTICIPATION & COMMUNICATION & COMPREHENSION & GROWING UP & LEARNING

	Fiscal 2003	Fiscal 2002
Income Data		
Net revenue	\$9,761,638	\$7,562,468
Net after-tax income (loss) from continuing operations*	\$358,423	\$126,739
Earnings per share* (diluted)	\$0.13	\$0.05
!		
Balance Sheet Data		
Total current assets	\$2,998,149	\$5,166,030
Total current liabilities	\$1,201,920	\$3,066,046
Total stockholders' equity	\$5,817,402	\$4,438,884

Book Value/Share (1/31/04)	\$ 2.26		
Price/Book (02/27/04)	1.5x		
Long-Term Debt	\$ 28,500		
Insider Ownership	40.8%		
Shares Outstanding	2,603,453		
Estimated Float	1,541,244		
Market Capitalization	\$ 8,981,913		

excludes one-time gain from sale of headquarters building



Quarterly Stock Price: OTCBB – TASA					
Fiscal Quarter	High	Low	Fiscal Quarter	High	Low
4th Qtr 03	\$2.05	\$1.05	4th Qtr 02	\$0.90	\$0.51
3rd Qtr 03	\$1.13	\$0.70	3rd Qtr 02	\$1.45	\$0.51
2nd Qtr 03	\$1.01	\$0.60	2nd Qtr 02	\$1.45	\$0.60
1st Qtr 03	\$1.01	\$0.55	1st Qtr 02	\$0.85	\$0.40



To Our Stockholders

APR 0 5 2004

Welcome to the new TASA—or as they say in marketing, the new and improved TAŠĄ! いどん

Did our cover design catch your attention this year? As everyone knows, "making the grade" is all-important in education and assessment, now more than ever. And since we are once again solely an assessment company, we felt some self-assessment seemed particularly appropriate. No, it's not straight A's, but our steady progress in those fundamental areas of operation during difficult times—both externally and internally—is the result of concerted effort, tenacity, and the ability to recognize and align with our strengths.

As a quick overview for those who may be new to the "new TASA," we have come full circle within the past six years. In 1996, we were an assessment company. Over the next two years, we acquired a supplemental instructional company and a set of post-secondary proprietary schools. Today, we are again singularly focused as an assessment company—but with the much broader base and greater expertise gained during our turnaround.

Why did we do that? Why did we come full circle? Because in evaluating both our internal resources and the potential marketplace, your management and board decided that returning to our "roots"—that is, refocusing on assessment—was most appropriate to growing revenues and profits.

The net effect of this decision was that TASA reduced its liabilities by approximately \$5.6 million. We eliminated a drag to both operating and net income as well as reduced over \$3.5 million in subordinated debt. Today, your company has virtually no long-term debt, and we have eliminated almost \$280M in interest expense associated with that debt.

We also consummated a sale-leaseback of our corporate headquarters in Brewster, New York. Receipt of those funds helped TASA to reduce long-term debt, to fund the expansion of our new scanning and scoring facility, which quadrupled the size of our old facility, and to provide additional working capital.

So, with the changes described above, how did the "new" TASA do in 2003?

On the macro side:

- We increased our revenue stream by 29.5%.
- Our diluted earnings per share increased from \$0.05 to \$0.14 on continuing operations, not including the one-time gain from the sale-leaseback of our building.
- Stockholder equity increased from \$1.72 per share to \$2.19 per share.

On the micro side:

- Our custom testing unit, BETA, increased its revenues by 61.6% and now accounts for 55% of our revenues.
- We continue to build our custom testing business from both old customers and multi-year contracts. Of particular significance, we were notified in early 2004 by the State of Michigan that our special education contract was increased more than \$9.4 million to \$13.9 million and has been extended until September 2007 from September 2005.
- We have added a number of new employees through whom we can broaden our market and serve new customers.
- We continue to bid on new business for both BETA and TASA.

While BETA clearly was the star last year, TASA, our proprietary unit, had a steady 2003. True, we did not see significant volume increases in TASA, but our modest growth is actually a reflection of strength, considering the deteriorating economy at the state level for funding testing initiatives. Still, test sales comprise just one area of our business. As you know, the flip side to test sales is test scoring, and we keep a keen eye out for opportunities where revenues can be increased. One such example is the timeliness of the decision to expand our scoring facility, which was an investment that the company felt it should make in 2003. This investment has already begun garnering rewards with a third-party scoring contract from the State of Indiana that will be executed in the spring of 2004.

In conclusion, your company has made significant improvements in several areas during the past fiscal year, the result of which is a foundation of strong financial progress. That base, coupled with refocusing our efforts on our core competencies, leads us to conclude that our future is very bright.

And from all of us at TASA, thank you for your continued support.

Andrew L. Simon President and Chief Executive Officer [THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK]

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

FORM 10-KSB

1	FORIVI IV-NOD						
(Mark One)							
🗷 Ann	nual report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Section	urities Exchange Act of 1934					
· 	For the fiscal year ended October 31, 2003						
□ Trai	nsition report under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securit						
ä	For the transition period from to	<u> </u>					
Çomm	nission file number <u>0-20303</u>						
	TOUCHSTONE APPLIED SCIENC	E ASSOCIATES, INC.					
-	(Name of small business issuer in its charter)						
:	Delaware	13-2846796					
- 	(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer					
	incorporation or organization)	Identification No.					
4 Hardscrabb	le Heights, P.O. Box 382, Brewster, NY	10509					
	dress of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)					
	(845) 277-810	00					
	(Issuer's telephone nu						
	Securities registered under Section 19/h)	of the Evenance Act. None					
	Securities registered under Section 12(b) Securities registered under Section 12						
	Securities registered under Section 12	z(g) of the Exchange Act.					
	Title of Each Clas	<u>ss</u>					
•	Common Stock, \$.0001 p	par value					
the Exchange	whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter pe such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing No	riod that the registrant was					
S-B contained knowledge, in	if there is no disclosure of delinquent filers in responsing this form, and no disclosure will be contained, to the definitive proxy or information statements incorporated SB or any amendment to this Form 10-KSB.■	ne best of registrant's					
State in ended October	ssuer's revenues for its most recent fiscal year: \$9,76-31, 2003.	61,638 for the fiscal year					
non-affiliates ca average bid an days: \$3,987,8	he aggregate market value of the voting and non-voti omputed by reference to the price at which the comm of asked price of such common equity, as of a specific 87 as of January 20, 2004. The aggregate market va or the Common Stock, par value \$.0001 per share, as	non equity was sold, or the ed date within the past 60 alue was based upon the					
YEARS)Check	ERS INVOLVED IN BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDING Downwest whether the issuer has filed all documents and report or 15(d) of the Exchange Act after the distribution of court. No	rts required to be filed by					

(APPLICABLE ONLY TO CORPORATE REGISTRANTS)

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date: As of January 20, 2004, 2,603,453 of shares of Common Stock, par value \$.0001 per share.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

If the following documents are incorporated by reference, briefly describe them and identify the part of the Form 10-KSB (e.g., Part I, Part II, etc.) into which the document is incorporated: (1) any annual report to security holders; (2) any proxy or information statement; and (3) any prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) or (c) of the Securities Act of 1933 ("Securities Act"). None.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes_____ No_X_

Item 1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

Overview

Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc. (the "Company" or "TASA") now competes exclusively in the assessment marketplace. During the Company's fiscal year ended October 31, 2003 ("Fiscal 2003"), TASA sold both its post-secondary proprietary school, Mildred Elley (originally acquired by TASA in fiscal 1999), and Modern Learning Press, its supplemental instructional materials subsidiary (originally acquired by TASA in fiscal 1997). With the advent of No Child Left Behind legislation ("NCLB"), the Company's Board of Directors and management made the strategic decision to refocus the organization on the fast-growing assessment segment of the K-12 education market. The net effect of this decision was that the Company's revenue stream has decreased from \$16.3 million for the year ended October 31, 2002 ("Fiscal 2002"), to \$9.8 million for Fiscal 2003 as a result of the sale of these non-strategic businesses. However, on a comparative basis, the assessment revenue stream increased 29%, from \$7.6 million in Fiscal 2002 to \$9.8 million in Fiscal 2003, or 29%. Over the past nine years, the assessment revenue stream has increased approximately five-fold, from \$2.1 million in fiscal 1994 to \$9.8 million in Fiscal 2003.

The need to develop fundamental literacy skills has long been recognized as essential to a student's progress and success throughout school and life. The Company's proprietary assessment products relate directly to the teaching and measurement of progress of literacy skills. The Company's Degrees of Reading Power® ("DRP") tests and related products enable a school, district or other entity to assess an individual's reading comprehension ability. These tests allow an individual's reading development to be tracked over time and are often used to audit a school's success in the teaching of reading. In 2001, the Company launched two new tests: Signposts, a language arts early-childhood test, and the MAC II, an English language proficiency test, both of these tests focus on fundamental literacy skills.

Through the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, Beck Evaluation and Testing Associates, Inc. ("BETA"), the Company performs "custom services" for other test publishers as well as for state education agencies directly. Again, under NCLB, the needs for custom design test development and for consulting and psychometric services are increasing rapidly. BETA now accounts for more than 50% of TASA's assessment revenues.

The Company was incorporated in the State of New York in 1976 and, in 1991, changed its corporate domicile to Delaware. It became a public company in 1992. TASA's corporate headquarters are located at 4 Hardscrabble Heights, P.O. Box 382, Brewster, New York 10509. The Company's telephone number is (845) 277-8100 and its facsimile number is (845) 277-3548. The Company maintains a website at www.tasa.com. Information contained on the Company's website is not, and should not be deemed to be, incorporated into this Report. As used in this Report, the terms "Company" and "TASA" refer to Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc. and its subsidiaries, unless the context otherwise indicates.

Except for historical information, the material contained in this Description of Business is forward-looking. For the purposes of the safe harbor protection for forward-looking statements provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, readers are urged to review the list of certain important factors set forth in "Cautionary Statement for Purposes of the "Safe Harbor" Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995" below, which may cause actual results to differ materially from those described.

Proprietary Assessment Products and Related Services

TASA designs, develops, calibrates, publishes, markets, and sells educational reading assessment tests to elementary and secondary schools, colleges, and universities throughout the United States and Canada. The Company's reading comprehension tests are based on its proprietary Degrees of Reading Power (DRP) assessment methodology. DRP tests are published in three versions: Primary, Standard, and Advanced. The Company's products measure an individual student's reading ability in a non-culturally biased manner and allow tracking of an individual's reading development over time.

DRP Tests. Management believes that DRP tests are widely recognized as being advanced state-of-the-art in educational assessment. Based on descriptions contained in *Tests in Print* published by the Buros Institute

of Mental Measurements (which endeavors to cover all tests published in the United States), it is management's belief that:

- DRP tests were the first commercial standardized tests whose results can be directly interpreted with respect to the written materials that students can read; and
- DRP tests are the only existing instruments that can measure progress toward one or more standards or requirements that are established by examining how well prose in books or other sources must be comprehended for particular purposes.

Consequently, the DRP tests are especially useful in accountability assessments of a school's teaching performance and in measuring an individual's reading level.

DRP tests measure how well students understand the meaning of whole text. These tests determine, as much as is possible in a testing situation, how well a student reads under real-life conditions, both in and out of school. Primary and Standard DRP tests are direct measures of fundamental reading comprehension, defined as how well students can process text as it is being read. Advanced DRP tests extend this definition of reading comprehension. Advanced DRP test items require students to engage higher level cognitive processes needed to think about, analyze or evaluate propositions in text.

DRP tests consist of nonfiction paragraphs and/or passages on a variety of topics, each written, edited, and calibrated by the Company. The individual test passages are stored in the Company's "Test Passage Bank", and each test is created by selecting the appropriate test passages from the Test Passage Bank to satisfy the criteria set for a particular test. Each passage undergoes a two-year process of development and calibration and has an estimated useful life of 11 years; a passage is introduced initially in a "secure" form of test after which it is available in "shelf" form in the Company's test catalogs and then in practice tests. Management believes that approximately four million DRP tests, for which the Company is the sole source proprietor and publisher, were administered in 2002 in states, school districts, and college and university testing programs.

Types of DRP Tests. Specially prepared "secure" forms of the Company's DRP tests are licensed for one-time or limited use by states while other "shelf" forms listed in the Company's catalogs are licensed for an indefinite period of time to schools and districts throughout the United States and Canada. Secure test forms are composed of text and test items that have never before been administered and are typically used in only one test administration as a secure test. The Company provides secure tests annually for administration in certain grades in Connecticut and New York.

Further, with the advent of the new education act, NCLB, the DRP shelf tests are being added to testing programs in a number of states, most noticeably Alabama, Massachusetts and Utah. DRP tests have been administered in approximately 4,000 school districts across the United States.

The Maculaitis Test. In Fiscal 1997, TASA acquired the Maculaitis Assessment of Competencies test (the "Maculaitis Test"), which is a comprehensive English language assessment and evaluation program. It is intended for use in ESL, Bilingual Education and Limited English Proficiency ("LEP") programs. From 1999 through 2001, the Company made substantive revisions, including renorming, to enhance the test's marketability. Management believes that these revisions have given the Maculaitis Test wider appeal, at a time when \$750 million of funding is available under Title III of NCLB. The new MAC II was launched at the end of the third quarter of Fiscal 2001.

The MAC II is currently authorized for use in New Jersey, Illinois, Florida and Wisconsin. It is the mandated state ESL/LEP test in Rhode Island and Missouri. In spring 2004, MAC II will be used as a statewide assessment in Arkansas. This test is currently a finalist for adoption in several other states.

Signposts® Early Literacy Assessment System. In the spring of 2001, the Company introduced the first phase of its new Signposts® Early Literacy Assessment System ("Signposts"). Signposts is a comprehensive system designed to provide a unique set of assessments and integrated instructional activities for students in grades K-3. Signposts spans a range of literacy strands—reading, writing, listening, and speaking—and includes a pre-DRP reading test and measurement scale for emergent readers. Management believes that the pre-DRP test's downward extension of the existing Primary DRP test will help both the Signposts and DRP programs in future adoptions. Again, the Company is seeing significant interest due to NCLB.

Test Scoring And Related Reporting Services. The Company provides scanning, scoring, and reporting services for all of its tests to schools and districts. Company-copyrighted test answer sheets or licensed answer sheets are required for the administration of all of the Company's tests. Answer marks on these sheets are machine-read by scanner-computer systems and interpreted by Company-proprietary scoring and reporting software. Company-copyrighted conversion tables are used to convert the total number of right answers into a DRP score that indicates how well a student can comprehend text of a given difficulty (readability), or into MAC II scores and English Competency Levels. The test scores also can be interpreted normatively (i.e., in terms of national percentile norms that indicate a student's percentile rank in relation to students nationally in his or her grade) using the Company's proprietary data. All District, School and Class Level Reports of DRP test results are copyrighted by the Company, as are various Parent and Individual Reports that may be ordered by school systems for inclusion in permanent records. Third-party firms, as well as state agencies that provide scanning and scoring services to schools, also may be licensed to score the Company's tests.

In Fiscal 2003, the Company quadrupled the capacity of its scoring facility. The Company now performs scoring services also for our custom testing unit and for third parties.

Software Products. The Company designs and markets computer software products that are sold as instructional aids or analytical tools for reading assessment. Among the products are MicRA-->DRP II, which allows the user to estimate the DRP difficulty rating of instructional materials, and DRP-->EZ Converter®, which permits those who score DRP tests by hand to easily convert raw scores to criterion-referenced DRP scores and DRP norms. In Fall 2002, the Company released MAC/II→EZ Converter software which permits those who score MAC II tests by hand to easily obtain MAC II scores and norms. Further, the Company has sold its own proprietary scanning and scoring software to school districts where its installation is economically feasible due to high-volume usage. Through the end of Fiscal 2003, we had 12 districts that had purchased this software.

The Company has also introduced DRP-->Booklink® which enables teachers to find appropriate books for each student based upon interest categories and reading ability. The database of books (over 20,000) increases yearly and modifications to the software each year make it more user friendly.

The Company reports revenues from proprietary test products as Proprietary Assessment Income.

Custom Test Products and Related Services

BETA provides consulting services to states, school districts and textbook publishers. BETA's business is approximately equally divided between work for states and work for publishers. Since its acquisition by TASA in January 1997, BETA has concentrated on increasing its test assessment and design services to states. This effort has been successful, and BETA now provides its test design and psychometric services to state customers in Delaware, Indiana, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, North Carolina, Ohio, Texas, and Virginia. BETA was awarded a \$7.5 million contract from the State of Michigan to develop an alternative assessment test for special education students. In January 2004, BETA was notified that such contract has been extended through September 2007. The total value of this contract over its term is \$13,900,000. This represents the second major state (the other state being Texas) where BETA has alternative assessment assignments.

BETA's custom assessment services are provided to states either directly or indirectly, typically through three of the largest commercial contractors in the contract/customized assessment markets, NCS Pearson, Harcourt and Measurement, Inc. Generally, the business strategy of BETA is to provide these specialized services for the major state contracts as a subcontractor, primarily for assessment or psychometric services and actual test design and development. The prime contractor provides for all the printing, logistics, warehousing, scoring and reporting services necessary to complete state contracts.

The Company reports revenues from BETA's operations as Custom Assessment Income.

Discontinued Operations

The Company has determined that its core business of assessment products and services provides better long-term growth and profit potential than did the instructional material business and the proprietary school business. Consequently, during the second quarter of Fiscal 2002, the Company reached a decision to sell

its proprietary school, Mildred Elley Schools, Inc. ("Mildred Elley") and the Company reached a similar decision to sell the instructional material business in the third quarter of Fiscal 2003.

Effective June 3, 2003, the Company completed the transaction for the sale of the proprietary school business, and sold Elley to its president and former owner. At closing, the Company received \$50,000 in cash proceeds from the sale. In addition it will receive 25% of the proceeds from the sale or refinancing of the schools to a third party, which must take place within seven years from the date of closing. Substantially all the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet were acquired by the purchaser, and all pending litigation with the previous owners of the school was settled.

During Fiscal 2003, the Company took a non-cash charge of \$584,941 for discontinued operations in connection with the sale of Mildred Elley. The total non-cash charge (since the school was recognized as discontinued operations in Fiscal 2002) was \$3,117,043. The revenues for the delivery segment were \$3,225,410, \$5,882,026 and \$4,966,974 for the period November 1, 2002 through the date of sale, and for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2002, and 2001, respectively.

Consistent with the Company's belief that its resources need be focused on the assessment segment of the K-12 market, in July 2003, the Company sold substantially all the assets of Modern Learning Press, ("MLP") its wholly owned subsidiary and sole component of the Company's instructional segment. Delta Education LLC ("Delta") purchased such assets for \$4,020,000, and Delta assumed certain liabilities. The Company retained the business and assets related to its test preparation materials division, Kingsbridge Press, which it considers consistent with the activities of its sole remaining segment. The Company recorded a gain on the disposal of the instructional segment totaling \$1,748,272 less taxes of \$699,309. Revenues from the instructional segment totaled \$1,321,278, \$2,862,927 and \$2,839,008 for the period November 1, 2002 through the date of sale and for the years ended October 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

See "Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation" for further information on the effects of the disposition of Mildred Elley and Modern Learning Press.

Marketing

The Company markets its assessment products and services as follows:

- Sales of secure tests to large-scale users (such as state education departments) are conducted directly by the Company's staff. This includes making presentations and negotiating contracts and license agreements.
- Sales of the Company's products and services as described in the Company's catalogs are made primarily through direct mail campaigns to elementary school, secondary school and college markets. The Company also exhibits its products at educational trade shows and advertises in trade journals.
- In addition, the Company's staff and its independent consultants provide presentations and in-service workshops supporting the Company's products.
- Sales of custom-designed testing and consulting are accomplished via bidding processes and attendance at professional meetings.

The Company sells its assessment products on a contract or purchase order basis in accordance with a published price list. Depending upon the contract or the purchase order, the Company sells its products on a net 30-day or other contractual terms. The Company does not offer extended credit terms to its customers. Historically, bad debts with respect to its assessment products have not been material.

The Company markets its instructional products almost exclusively through direct mail programs and independent sales representatives.

Competition

Success in the educational industry will be based on scientific and technological superiority, service, product support, the availability of patent protection, access to adequate capital, the ability to successfully develop and market products and processes and the ability to obtain government approvals. Although there is intense

competition in the industry and there are both domestic and foreign companies which may be deemed dominant competitors, the Company believes that the features of its products coupled with its ability to provide quality services will permit the Company to compete successfully in its designated marketplace.

The Company is subject to competition from various sources. The Company's principal competition comes from established for-profit and non-profit companies in the testing business and testing departments within certain states and school districts, all of which are considerably larger and have greater financial and human resources and marketing capabilities. Competition may also come from education publishers who include reading comprehension tests with their instructional materials and companies that distribute reading motivation programs.

Although there are a number of for-profit firms that develop, publish, market, and distribute educational tests, the market is dominated by three: CTB/McGraw-Hill, Lake Forest, Illinois, and Monterey, California; Harcourt Educational Measurement, San Antonio, Texas; and The Riverside Publishing Company, Chicago, Illinois. As large, well-established publishers of educational tests and related products and services, these firms are considered strong competitors of the Company.

There are a number of non-profit organizations that develop, publish and distribute educational tests. For example, the American College Testing Program (ACT), lowa City, lowa; American Council on Education (ACE), Washington, DC; and Educational Testing Service (ETS), Princeton, New Jersey. In addition, there are various organizations that sponsor educational tests even though they do not have the technical capability to produce tests. For example, The College Board, New York, New York, sponsors the Scholastic Assessment Test (SAT) which is developed for The College Board by ETS. All of these non-profit organizations have, or have access to, the capability to develop, publish and distribute tests to schools. Currently, ACT, The College Board, and ETS publish one or more educational tests for the school market.

There are a number of for-profit and non-profit organizations that provide test design, production and consulting services to states under contract. For example, National Evaluation Systems (NES), Amherst, Massachusetts; and NCS Pearson, Iowa City, Iowa; are among the for-profit firms that supply test development, printing, distribution, and scoring services to individual states under contract. Among the non-profit organizations, Measured Progress, Inc. (Dover, New Hampshire), ACT and ETS have conducted such contract work for states and ETS is the current contractor for the National Assessment of Educational Progress. By enabling states to have tests developed and administered to their own specifications, these for-profit and non-profit organizations compete indirectly with the Company's assessment division. In terms of size alone, these firms have greater marketing capability and resources than does the Company.

The MAC II Test exists in a competitive market; however, several of the non-profit and for-profit testing companies do not have a product that is in direct competition with the test. The major sources of direct competition are: the LAS (Language Assessment Scales) tests published by CTB/McGraw-Hill, the LPTS (Language Proficiency Test Series) published by Metri-Tech, and the IPT (Idea Language Proficiency Test), published by Ballard and Tighe and Harcourt's Stanford English Language Proficiency Test which was introduced during fiscal year 2003. Each of these tests is designed to assess a student's level of English language proficiency. In indirect competition are tests that assess a student's language proficiency in a primary language other than English, such as the Spanish versions of the LAS and IPT. In addition, some states have developed their own instruments for statewide testing of English Language Learners, such as the MELAB (Michigan English Language Assessment Battery) and the RPTE (Texas Reading Proficiency Tests in English).

Employees

As of October 31, 2003, the Company employed a total of 53 employees in its continuing operations, 47 on a full-time basis, and 6 on a part-time basis. Of the 53 employees,16 are engaged in research and/or test development, 20 are in operations, 6 are in executive capacities, and 11 are in marketing. The Company had employed a total of 124 employees in its discontinued operations as of October 31, 2002.

Government Regulations

Assessment Materials. The NCLB legislation, bodes well for TASA. NCLB provides funding of approximately \$26 billion. Almost half of that amount is for Title I funding, which requires schools that take this funding to evaluate student progress in reading.

NCLB also provides almost one-half billion dollars for annual testing in reading and math; Title III allows for thee-quarters of a billion dollars in bilingual and immigrant education and almost one billion dollars in early language literacy. The following chart illustrates that TASA is strategically positioned to take advantage of the funding opportunities under NCLB:

Section of NCLB Act	TASA Products & Services
Title I	DRP/Signposts
Early Childhood Literacy	DRP/Signposts
Title III/ESL	MacII
Annual Testing	DRP/BETA

Patents, Copyrights, Trademarks, Trade Secrets and Royalties

The Company regularly asserts copyrights to all of its assessment and instructional materials.

The following are registered trademarks and/or service marks of the Company: TASA, the TASA logo, DRP Program The Readability Standard, DRP, DRP--> BOOKLINK, DRP-->EZ Converter, DRP Linking Text to Ability, BookMatch, DWM, Degrees of Reading Power, Degrees of Word Meaning, MicRA-->DRP, TextSense, TASA Literacy, Signposts and design, We've Done the Research for You, and The MAC II Test of English Language Proficiency and design (both pending).

Trade secrets are maintained by licenses for software and certain proprietary data. In addition, all employees execute nondisclosure agreements as a condition of employment.

In connection with the purchase by MLP of substantially all the operating assets of Programs for Education, Inc. and pursuant to a Royalty Agreement between MLP and Bernard Shapiro, the founder of Programs for Education, Inc., MLP agreed to pay to Mr. Shapiro a royalty on sales of certain titles for a term of seven years following the closing of the acquisition in Fiscal 1997 in an amount equal to a minimum of \$80,000 annually, with a maximum of \$120,000 in the first year, which increases each year to a maximum of \$240,000 in the seventh year. The Company paid Mr. Shapiro a total of \$160,667 in Fiscal 2001, \$161,558 in Fiscal 2002, and \$158,440 in Fiscal 2003.

Item 2. DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY

The Company completed the sale/lease-back of its 30,000 square foot building in Brewster, New York. The building was constructed in 1987, with the second phase completed in 1991. In July 2003, the company sold its headquarters building to 26 Palmer LLC for \$2,875,000. The building and related improvements had a net book value of \$1,458,481. The Company reported a pre-tax gain on the sale totaling \$1,254,627 net of closing costs totaling \$161,891. The Company then signed a ten-year triple net lease for the building. The cost per square foot is \$10.50 for the July 2003/June 2004 period and increases each year thereafter. The final year of the lease has a rental cost of \$13.69 per square foot. Proceeds from the sale of the building were used to repay debt, to increase the Company's working capital and to fund the expansion of its scanning and scoring facility. In the fall of 2003, the Company completed an expansion of this scanning and scoring facility at a cost of approximately \$250,000. This facility is now four times the capacity of the prior facility and will accommodate new growing business in this area.

BETA rents a small office facility of 500 square feet in Austin, Texas, which affords good proximity to the Texas Education Agency. The Company made the decision to open the office in Texas because of the volume of business in that state.

The Company expends its resources for capital improvements as necessary.

Item 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

In connection with the sale of the Mildred Elley School, all pending litigation and claims between the Company and its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the former owner of Mildred Elley and the former Mildred Elley entity, on the other hand, were settled.

Item 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

None.

PART II

Item 5. MARKET FOR COMMON EQUITY AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

(a) The Company's common stock, par value \$.0001 per share (the "Common Stock"), is traded in the Nasdaq Electronic Bulletin Board under the symbol TASA.OB. The approximate high and low closing prices for each fiscal quarter in the two fiscal years ended October 31, 2002 and October 31, 2003 were as follows:

Common Stock Prices					
Fiscal Quarter:	High (\$)	Low (\$)			
1st Qtr 02	0.85	0.40			
2nd Qtr 02	1.45	0.60			
3rd Qtr 02	1.45	0.51			
4th Qtr 02	0.90	0.51			
1st Qtr 03	1.01	0.55			
2nd Qtr 03	1.01	0.60			
3rd Qtr 03	1.13	0.70			
4th Qtr 03	2.05	1.05			

During the first quarter of Fiscal 2004 (through January 20, 2004), the Company's Common Stock had a high closing price of \$2.25 and a low closing price of \$1.94.

The Company is authorized to issue 5,000,000 shares, par value \$.0001 per share, of preferred stock. The stock may be issued by the Board of Directors of the Company in one or more series and with such preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers and other provisions as may be fixed by the Board of Directors in the resolution authorizing its issuance without any further action of the stockholders. There are no shares of preferred Stock outstanding.

On January 2, 2001, the Company received a notice from Nasdaq stating that the Company had failed to meet the continued listing requirement of the SmallCap Market because the price of the Company's Common Stock had been less than \$1.00 for 30 consecutive trading days. The Company had 90 days to rectify this deficiency, which required that the Company's Common Stock close at a price of \$1.00 or more for ten consecutive trading days. The Company was unable to satisfy this criterion, and as a result, the Company's Common Stock was delisted from the SmallCap Market on July 2, 2001. Since July 2, 2001, the Company's Common Stock has traded on the Nasdaq Electronic Bulletin Board.

As of January 20, 2004, there were 80 holders of record of the Company's Common Stock. This number of holders of record does not include beneficial owners of the Company's Common Stock, whose shares are held in the names of various security holders, dealers and clearing agencies. The Company believes that the number of beneficial owners of its Common Stock held by others or in nominee names exceeds approximately 600 in number. The Company has not paid any cash dividends, and does not anticipate doing so in the immediate future as it intends to invest any earnings in the development of the Company's business.

The following table describes the equity securities of the Company issuable as of October 31, 2003 pursuant to the Company's equity compensation plans. The Company has four equity compensation plans, each of which has been approved by the stockholders of the Company: (1) the Amended and Restated 1991 Stock Incentive Plan (under which no further incentive awards may be made); (2) the 2000 Stock Incentive Plan; (3) the Amended and Restated Directors Stock Option Plan, and (4) the Consultants Stock Incentive Plan. For a description of each of the Company's equity compensation plans, please see Item 10, "Executive Compensation—Stock Incentive Plans".

EQUITY COMPENSATION PLAN INFORMATION AS OF OCTOBER 31, 2003

	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a))
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	587,963	\$2.366	300,425
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders			

(b) Not applicable.

Item 6. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATION

Except for historical information, the material contained in this Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation is forward-looking. For the purposes of the safe harbor protection for forward-looking statements provided by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, readers are urged to review the list of certain important factors set forth in "Cautionary Statement for Purposes of the "Safe Harbor" Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995" below, which may cause actual results to differ materially from those described.

COMPANY BACKGROUND

For over twenty-five years, TASA has served the rapidly expanding education market, primarily through the publishing and sale of its highly regarded proprietary reading tests. Since 1994, management implemented a strategy to broaden the Company's services within the educational marketplace. As a result, the Company completed three acquisitions since the beginning of Fiscal 1997 in the K-12 assessment and instructional markets. In Fiscal 2002 and again in Fiscal 2003, the Company determined that its core business was assessment. It believed that this category provides better long-term growth and profit potential than either the proprietary school business or the supplemental instruction segment. Consequently, during the second fiscal quarter of Fiscal 2002, the Company reached a decision to sell its proprietary school, and in the third quarter of Fiscal 2003, the Company reached the decision to sell its supplemental instruction materials business, Modern Learning Press. Consequently both of these segments are reported as discontinued operations. See "Discontinued Operations" below. TASA revenues from the assessment segment in Fiscal 1994 were \$2.0 million, and have increased by acquisition and internal growth to \$9.8 million in Fiscal 2003.

The assessment business has two units; proprietary products and services, and custom test development. The following table sets forth the revenues in each of these units and the annual percentage change for each of these units, for Fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001:

TASA Revenues Breakdown (in thousands of dollars) and % of Year-To-Year Change

Proprietary Products and Services Revenues Custom Services Revenues Total Revenues from Assessment Products and Services

2001-2003	2003 2002		2003		2	200	1
		%		%		%	
% Change	\$	Change	\$	Change	\$	Change	
22.6%	\$4,428.3	3.9%	\$4,262.8	18.0%	\$3,612.5	23%	
78.9%	\$5,333.4	61.6%	\$3,299.8	10.7%	\$2,981.7	52%	
48.0%	\$9,761.7	29.1%	\$7,562.5	14.7%	\$6,594.2	35%	

The following are selected ratios as a percentage of revenues from continuing operations based on the Company's financial statements:

-	Fiscal Year Ended October 31,		
_	2003	2002	2001
Revenues from continuing operations	100%	100%	100%
Gross profit margins	48%	52%	63%
Operating expenses:			
Selling expenses	15%	15%	13%
General & administrative	22%	27%	33%
Income from operations	11%	10%	18%
Other income (expense)			
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	13%		
Interest expense, net	(4%)	(7%)	9%
Income (loss) before income taxes from			
continuing operations	19%	3%	9%
Income taxes	8%	1%	3%
Income (loss) from continuing operations	11%	2%	6%
_			

FISCAL 2003 AS COMPARED TO FISCAL 2002

Revenues. The Company's revenues from continuing operations for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2003 were \$9,761,638, representing a 29.1% increase or \$2,199,170 over \$7,562,468 for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2002. The overall increase was primarily attributable to internal growth of the Company's custom testing unit.

Revenues for assessment products and services, through the Company's proprietary tests unit, increased 3.9%, or \$165,500, to \$4,428,300 in Fiscal 2003 from \$4,262,800 in Fiscal 2002. This increase was minimal due to reduced state and school district budgets during the fourth quarter of the year. While the economy appears to be improving, the Company is uncertain if state tax revenues will improve sufficiently during the coming fiscal year to boost materially the sale of proprietary tests to school districts. During the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2003, the Company expanded its scoring and scanning capabilities, in anticipation of being able to increase its third party scoring business.

Revenues from BETA, the Company's custom testing unit, increased by \$2,033,600, or 61.6%, during the same period, to \$5,333,400 in Fiscal 2003, from \$3,299,800 in Fiscal 2002. This increase was due to BETA's obtaining a number or multi-year contracts in the later half of Fiscal 2002 with specific assignments in Fiscal 2003. Since these multi-year contracts also have an impact on the coming fiscal year, the Company believes that it will continue to show continued strength in BETA in 2004.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold increased by 41% or \$1,478,468 from \$3,596,680 in Fiscal 2002 to \$5,075,148 in Fiscal 2003. As a percentage of revenue, cost of goods increased from 48% in Fiscal 2002 to 52% in Fiscal 2003. This increase is primarily due to the change in revenue mix between proprietary and custom products and services. In Fiscal 2002, BETA, the custom business, accounted for 45% of the revenue stream, and in Fiscal 2003, BETA accounted for 55% of the revenue stream. The delivery of custom products and services has a higher cost per revenue dollar. Consequently, as the revenue mix changes towards custom revenues, the percentage cost of goods increases.

Gross Profit. The Company's gross profit for Fiscal 2003 increased by \$720,702, or 18.2%, from \$3,965,788 in Fiscal 2002 to \$4,686,490 in Fiscal 2003. The gross profit margin was 48% in Fiscal 2003 versus 52% in Fiscal 2002. This change is a result of changes in product mix.

Selling Expenses. The Company's selling expenses increased \$284,278, or 24%, in Fiscal 2003, from \$1,168,912 in Fiscal 2002 to \$1,453,190 in Fiscal 2003. Selling expenses were 15% of revenues in both years. The increased dollar expenditure was a result of higher sales commission and shipping expenses, as well as increased marketing expenditures to respond to marketing opportunities created by NCLB. The Company believes that this is the appropriate level of expenditure as a percentage of revenues for the coming fiscal year.

General and Administrative. The Company's general and administrative expenses for Fiscal 2003 increased \$170,199, or 8.4%, from \$2,019,119 in Fiscal 2002 to \$2,189,318 in Fiscal 2003. However, as a percentage of revenues, G&A decreased from 27% in Fiscal 2002 to 22% in Fiscal 2003. The Company believes that as revenues continue to grow in the future, the ratio of G&A to revenues will remain steady or may decline slightly.

Income From Continuing Operations. Income from continuing operations increased by \$266,225, or from \$777,757 in Fiscal 2002 to \$1,043,982 in Fiscal 2003. The increase in income is due to increased revenues, partially offset by higher cost of sales.

EBITDA. Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization from continuing operations increased \$248,343, or 17.7%, from \$1,400,949 in Fiscal 2002 to \$1,649,292 in Fiscal 2003. However, this comparison is somewhat ambiguous since, in July 2003, the Company completed the sale/leaseback of its building. Consequently, approximately \$116,000 of lease expense reduced EBITDA in Fiscal 2003 without a corresponding charge in 2002.

Other Income (Expenses) from Continuing Operations. Net other income (expense) increased 150.8%, or \$1,414,579, from (\$564,136) in Fiscal 2002 to \$850,443 in Fiscal 2003. The increase in other income was primarily due to the sale/leaseback of the Company's headquarters building, as well as a reduction in interest expense from the repayment of the Company's subordinated debt. The Company does not currently anticipate that it will need to borrow significant capital in the next fiscal year in order to finance its core business.

In July 2003, the Company sold its headquarters building to 26 Palmer LLC for \$2,875,000. The building and related improvements had a net book value of \$1,458,481. The Company reported a gain on the sale totaling \$1,254,627, net of closing costs totaling \$161,891. The building was then leased back to the Company under a ten year lease agreement.

Discontinued Operations. In evaluating the Company's strategic alternatives, TASA made the decision to focus on the assessment market, particularly the K-12 segment. As such, in June 2003, the Company completed the sale of Mildred Elley, its post secondary school division, and in July 2003, the Company completed the sale of its supplemental instruction unit, Modern Learning Press, Inc. During Fiscal 2003, the Company took a non-cash charge of \$584,941 for discontinued operations in connection with the sale of Elley. The total non-cash charge (since the school was recognized as discontinued operations in Fiscal 2002) was \$3,117,043. The Company recorded a gain on the disposal of the instructional segment totaling \$1,815,092, less taxes of \$726,036. The result of these transactions was a gain of \$180,218 from discontinued operations versus a loss of (\$2,474,744) in the prior year.

Income and Income per Share. Combining income from both continuing and discontinued operations, the Company had net income of \$1,250,949 in Fiscal 2003 versus a net (loss) of (\$2,348,005) in Fiscal 2002.

For Fiscal 2003, the Company had diluted earnings per share of \$0.47, versus a loss of (\$0.91) per share in Fiscal 2002. Earnings from continuing operations were \$1,070,731, or \$0.41 per share, in Fiscal 2003, as compared to \$.05 in Fiscal 2002. Earnings from continuing operations not including the tax-affected one-time gain from the sale/leaseback of the Company's headquarters building were \$364,824, or \$0.14 per share for Fiscal 2003, compared to \$126,739, or \$0.05 per share, in the prior year.

The diluted weighted average shares outstanding were 2,661,014 in Fiscal 2003 versus 2,587,241 in Fiscal 2002.

FISCAL 2002 AS COMPARED TO FISCAL 2001

Revenues. For Fiscal 2002, the Company's revenues from continuing operations were \$7,562,468, representing a 15% increase, or \$968,305, over \$6,594,163 for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2001 ("Fiscal 2001"). The overall increase was primarily attributable to growth of the Company's proprietary assessment products and services. The Company's proprietary testing unit increased by 18%, which growth can be attributable to the continued acceptance of the Company's key products, DRP and MAC11, as well as significant growth of our test scoring facilities. Over the same period, the Company's custom testing unit's revenues increased modestly or, by 11%, from \$2,983,892 to \$3,299,400. However, custom testing business continued be strong with a backlog of contracts going into Fiscal 2003.

Cost of Goods Sold. Cost of goods sold in Fiscal 2002 increased by 48.1%, or \$1,168,021 from \$2,428,659 in Fiscal 2001 to \$3,596,680 in Fiscal 2002. Cost of goods sold as a percentage of revenues also increased from 37% to 48% due to a change in product mix. This increase was primarily the result of increased costs required to deliver assessment products and services, more specifically, the Company's custom test design division's services which are typically associated with higher direct costs.

Gross Profit. In Fiscal 2002, gross profit decreased by \$199,716, from \$4,165,504 in Fiscal 2001 to \$3,965,788 in Fiscal 2002. The gross profit margin percentage decreased in Fiscal 2002 to approximately 52% from 63% in Fiscal 2001.

Selling Expenses. Selling expenses for Fiscal 2002 increased by 41%, or \$340,851, from \$828,061 in Fiscal 2001 to \$1,168,912 in Fiscal 2002. As a percentage of revenues, selling expenses increased to 15% in Fiscal 2002 versus 13% in Fiscal 2001. The increase was attributable to the Company's desire to forward spend to take advantage of NCLB legislation.

General and Administrative. The Company's general and administrative expenses decreased 7%, or \$150,154, from \$2,169,273 in Fiscal 2001 to \$2,019,119 in Fiscal 2002. General and administrative expenses as a percentage of sales were 27% in Fiscal 2002 versus 33% in Fiscal 2001.

Income from Operations. Income from operations for Fiscal 2001 was \$1,168,170 versus income from operations of \$777,757 in Fiscal 2002. The decrease in income was a function of an increased cost of sales without a corresponding increase in revenues. Certain revenues that had been anticipated in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2002 were recognized in the first quarter of Fiscal 2003 due to circumstances beyond the Company's control.

EBITDA. Earnings (loss) before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization decreased by \$329,857 to \$1,400,949 in Fiscal 2002 from \$1,730,806 in Fiscal 2001. As a percentage of revenues, EBITDA decreased to 18.5% in Fiscal 2002 versus 26.2% in Fiscal 2001. This decrease was attributable to increased cost of sales and selling expense.

Other Income (Expense). Net other income (expense) decreased to (\$564,136) in Fiscal 2002 versus (\$590,300) in Fiscal 2001. This decrease is primarily attributable to a reduction in principal on certain loans as well as reduced interest rates..

Income from continuing operations. The Company had income from continuing operations of \$126,739 in Fiscal 2002 versus an income from continuing operations of \$373,888 in Fiscal 2001. The decrease of \$247,149 was attributable to increased cost of sales and marketing expense.

Income (loss) from discontinued operations. Loss from discontinued operations increased to (\$2,474,744) in Fiscal 2002 from (\$130,312) in Fiscal 2001. The loss increased by (\$2,344,432) because the Company entered into a contract to sell Mildred Elley, its post-secondary proprietary school in Fiscal 2002, and consequently recognized the substantial portion of the loss in that fiscal year.

Income (Loss) and Diluted Income (Loss) Per Share. Net Income after taxes was \$243,576 for Fiscal 2001 versus net loss after taxes of (\$2,348,005) for Fiscal 2002. For Fiscal 2002, diluted loss per share was (\$.91) based on weighted average shares outstanding of 2,587,241. For Fiscal 2001, diluted income per share was \$.10 based on weighted average shares outstanding of 2,560,042.

LIQUIDITY AND WORKING CAPITAL

Working Capital. Working capital decreased by \$303,755 during Fiscal 2003 from \$2,099,984, at October 31, 2002 to \$1,796,229 at October 31, 2003. This decrease resulted primarily from net assets from discontinuing operations sold during the third quarter of Fiscal 2003. The ratio of current assets to current liabilities was approximately 2.49 to 1.0 at the end of the Fiscal 2003 versus 1.68 to 1.0 at the end of Fiscal 2002.

Cash Flow From Operating Activities. During Fiscal 2003, the Company had net cash provided by operating activities of \$709,810, as compared to \$409,402 in Fiscal 2002. The increase in cash provided by operating activities resulted primarily from increased net income.

Cash Flow From Investing Activities. During Fiscal 2003, the Company had net cash provided by investing activities of (\$5,226,738), as compared to (\$291,664 used in investing activities) for Fiscal 2002. The cash provided by investing activities in Fiscal 2003 was primarily from the proceeds from the sale/leaseback of the Company's headquarters, and the sale of MLP.

Cash Flow From Financing Activities. The Company had net cash used in financing activities of (\$5,067,566) for Fiscal 2003 as compared to \$49,472 for Fiscal 2002 from financing activities. The increase in cash used for financing activities resulted from the prepayment of the subordinated debt and the mortgage payable on the Company's facilities.

In July 2003, the Company sold substantially all the assets of MLP, sole component of the Company's instructional segments to Delta Education, LLC ("Delta") for, \$4,020,000 and Delta assumed certain related liabilities. In addition, the Company is responsible, for the payment of up to \$200,000 of certain royalties for a one year period from June 1, 2003 through May 31, 2004. The Company has estimated these royalties, based on historical amounts paid, to amount to approximately \$175,000, which it has reserved to reduce the gain from the sale of the segment. The Company retained the business and assets related to its test preparation materials, Kingsbridge Press, which it considers consistent with the activities of its sole remaining segment. The Company recorded a gain on the disposal of instructional segment totaling \$1,748,272 less taxes of \$699,309. Revenues from the instructional segment totaled \$1,321,278, \$2,862,927 and \$2,839,008 for the period November 1, 2002 through the date of sale, and for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

In addition, the Company entered into a transitional agreement with Delta, whereby the Company would continued to pay the rent costs and employees of MLP through October 31, 2003 in exchange for \$130,000. On October 31, 2003, the facilities utilized by MLP were closed and the employees were terminated. The Company estimated these termination costs to be approximately \$130,000, which it has recorded as a cost of the sale of the segment.

On June 3, 2003, the Company sold substantially all the assets of Elley. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company received \$50,000. In addition, the Company will receive 25 percent of the proceeds from any sale or refinancing of the school by the purchaser to a third party, which must take place within seven years. The assets sold constitute substantially all the assets and operations of the Company's educational delivery segment. The Company recorded a loss on the disposal of Mildred Elley totaling \$974,901 and a tax benefit of \$389,960, to reflect the change in the fair value of the net assets sold during the period November 1, 2002 through June 3, 2003. The revenues for the delivery segment were \$3,225,417, \$5,882,026 and \$4,966,974 for the period from November 1, 2002 through June 3, 2003, the date of sale, and the fiscal years ended October 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

In July 2003, the Company sold its headquarters building to 26 Palmer LLC for \$2,875,000. The building and related improvements had a net book value of \$1,458,481. The Company reported a pre-tax gain on the sale totaling \$1,254,627, net of closing costs totaling \$161,892. The building was then leased under a ten year lease agreement. Through October 31, 2003, the Company used approximately \$210,000 of the proceeds for improvements to the facilities.

During the fiscal year ended October 31, 2003, options to purchase 9,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock were exercised resulting in proceeds totaling \$4,140.

In October 2003, the Company prepaid the remaining outstanding principal balance on the subordinated debt totaling \$3,530,141. The Company also charged to expense on the date of prepayment, the remaining deferred interest and loan origination fees with a remaining book value of \$39,312 and \$15,422, respectively.

Long-term debt, operating leases and other long-term obligations as of October 31, 2003 mature as follows:

		Pa	yments due		
Obligations	ations Total				
		1 year	1-3 years	4-5 years	5 years
Long-term debt	\$ 38,000	\$ 7,600	\$ 22,800	\$ 7,600	\$
Operating leases	3,478,743	306,820	976,648	721,085	1,474,190
Other long-term obliga	tions				
Total obligations	\$3,516,743	\$314,420	\$999,448	\$728,685	\$1,474,190

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the Consolidated Financial Statements and accompanying notes. Estimates are used for, but not limited to, the accounting for the allowance for doubtful accounts, inventories, income taxes and loss contingencies. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results could differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

The Company believes the following critical accounting policies, among others, may be impacted significantly by judgment, assumptions and estimates used in the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements:

- Revenues from the Company's sales of its proprietary tests and other assessment-related products are recognized when product is shipped from the Company's warehouse. Assessment consulting revenues are recognized when the consulting services are rendered.
- Deferred tax assets are recorded based on the Company's projected future taxable income and the resulting utilization of the deferred tax assets. To the extent that the Company would not be able to realize all or part of its deferred tax assets in the future, an adjustment to the deferred tax assets would be necessary and charged to income.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

The following tables summarize certain financial data for the continuing operations of the Company for Fiscal 2003, 2002, and 2001, respectively. See "Financial Statements" in Item 7 below.

	Fiscal Year Ended October 31,		
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Income Statement Data:			
Operating revenues	\$9,761,638	\$7,562,468	\$6,594,163
Gross profit	4,686,490	3,965,788	4,165,504
Income before income taxes	1,894,425	213,621	577,870
Income from continuing operations	1,070,731	126,739	373,888
Income (loss) from discontinued operations			
Income (loss) from operations net of income tax (benefit)	(372,190)	57,358	(130,312)
of (\$248,127), \$38,239 and (\$86,874), respectively			
Income (loss) on disposal, net of income tax (benefit) of	552,408	(2,532,102)	
\$309,349 and (\$1,604,734), and \$, respectively			
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	180,218	(2,474,744)	(130,312)
Net income (loss)	1,250,949	(2,348,005)	243,576
Diluted earnings per share from continuing operations	\$0.40	\$0.05	\$0.15
Balance Sheets:			
Current assets	\$2,998,149	\$5,166,030	\$4,895,019

Total assets	7,049,722	12,806,762	15,369,054
Long-term obligations	30,400	5,301,832	5,521,349
Total liabilities	1,232,320	8,367,878	8,717,776
Working capital	1,796,229	2,099,984	1,698,592
Stockholders' equity	5,817,402	4,438,884	6,651,278

Cautionary Statement for Purposes of the "Safe Harbor" Provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

Certain statements contained in this Report contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These are statements that do not relate strictly to historical or current facts. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties. The Company's actual actions or results may differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements. These risk factors include, without limitation:

- Rapid changes in (i) the technology used to administer standardized tests generally or market educational materials or (ii) in the policy considerations which determine which test will be administered:
- Non-renewal of the Company's annual contract with the State of Connecticut;
- Deficits in state and school budgets;
- The loss of any significant customer;
- The ability of the Company to compete successfully with the other providers of standardized tests (see "Description of Business--Competition", above);
- The ability of the Company to accommodate any changes in government regulation which may impact the marketability of its tests (see "Description of Business--Government Regulation", above);
- The ability of the Company to secure additional financing as and when necessary;
- The ability of the Company to retain the services of its key management, and to attract new members of the management team;
- The ability of the Company to effect and retain appropriate patent, copyright and trademark protection of its products;
- Any decrease in the market for educational consulting services; and
- Increased competition in the field of publishing.

The Company undertakes no obligation to release publicly any revisions to the forward-looking statements or to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this Report.

Item 7. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Financial information required by this item appears in the pages marked F-1 through F-30 at the end of this Report and are incorporated herein by reference as if fully set forth herein.

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	F-2
Consolidated Financial Statements:	
Consolidated Balance Sheets	F-3
Consolidated Statements of Operations	F-5
Consolidated Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	F-7
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	F-8
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	F-10

Item 8. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

Item 8A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

(a) Evaluation of the Company's Disclosure Controls and Procedures. Within the 90-day period prior to the date of this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB, the Company evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of its "disclosure controls and procedures" ("Disclosure Controls"), and its "internal controls and procedures for financial reporting" ("Internal Controls"). This evaluation (the "Evaluation") was done under the supervision and with the participation of management, including Mr. Andrew Simon, the Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"). Rules adopted by the SEC require that in each periodic report filed pursuant to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), the Company present the conclusion about the effectiveness of the Company's Disclosure Controls and Internal Controls based on and as of the date of the Evaluation.

Disclosure Controls are procedures that are designed with the objective of ensuring that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act, such as this Annual Report, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rule and forms. Disclosure Controls are also designed with the objective of ensuring that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow for timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Internal Controls are procedures which are designed with the objective of providing reasonable assurance that (1) the Company's transactions are properly authorized; (2) the Company's assets are safeguarded against unauthorized or improper use; and (3) the Company's transactions are properly recorded and reported, all to permit the preparation of our financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

The Company's management does not expect that the Company's Disclosure Controls or our Internal Controls will prevent all error and all fraud. Any control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is

based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedure may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

The Evaluation included a review of the controls' objectives and design, the controls' implementation by the Company and the effect of the controls on the information generated for use in this Annual Report. In course of the Evaluation, we sought to identify data errors, controls problems or acts of fraud and to confirm that appropriate corrective action, including process improvements, were being undertake. This type of evaluation will be done on a quarterly basis so that the conclusions concerning controls effectiveness can be reported in each Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB and the Annual Report on Form 10-KSB. The Company's Internal Controls are also evaluated on an ongoing basis by the Company's finance personnel and by the Company's independent auditors in connection with their audit and review activities. The overall goals of these various evaluation activities are to monitor the Company's Disclosure Controls and Internal Controls and to make modifications as necessary; it is the Company's intent in this regard that the Disclosure Controls and the Internal Controls will be maintained as dynamic systems change (including improvements and corrections) as conditions warrant.

Among other matters, the Company sought in the Evaluation to determine whether there were any "significant deficiencies" or "material weaknesses" in the Company's Internal Controls, or whether the Company had identified any acts of fraud involving personnel who have a significant role in the Company's Internal Controls. This information was important both for the Evaluation generally and because items 4, 5 and 6 in the Section 302 Certification require that the CEO and CFO disclose that information to the Board's Audit Committee and to the Company's independent auditors and to report on related matters in this section of the Annual Report. In the professional auditing literature, "significant deficiencies" are referred to as "reportable conditions"; these are control issues that could have a significant adverse effect on the ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data in the financial statements. A "material weakness" is defined in the auditing literature as a particularly serious reportable condition where the internal control does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud may occur in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. The Company also sought to deal with other controls matters in the Evaluation, and in case a problem was identified, we considered what revision, improvement and/or correction to make in accordance with on-going procedures.

Based upon the Controls Evaluation, Mr. Simon, as CEO and CFO, has concluded that, subject to the limitations noted above, the Company's Disclosure Controls are effective to ensure that material information relating to the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries is made known to management, particularly during the period when periodic reports are being prepared, and that the Company's Internal controls are effective to provide reasonable assurance that our financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

(b) Changes in Internal Controls. There have been no significant changes in the Company's Internal Controls or in any other factors that could significantly affect the Internal Controls since the date of their evaluation.

PART III

Item 9. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS, PROMOTERS AND CONTROL PERSONS; COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 16(a) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

As of January 20, 2004, the directors and executive officers of the Company were as follows:

<u>Name</u>	Age	<u>Position</u>
Michael D. Beck	<u>Age</u> 57	Director; Vice President, TASA; and President, Chief Executive
		Officer, BETA
Steven R. Berger (1)(2)	48	Director
Peter A. Duhamel	58	Senior Vice President, TASA
Donald W. Hughes ⁽¹⁾	53	Director
Andrew L. Simon	61	Chairman of the Board of Directors; President, Chief Executive
		Officer and Chief Financial Officer, TASA
Linda G. Straley	47	Director; Vice President, and Secretary, TASA
Thomas G. Struzzieri ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	45	Director
David L. Warnock ⁽²⁾	46	Director

- (1) Member of the Audit Committee
- (2) Member of the Compensation Committee

Each director shall hold office until the earlier of the next annual meeting of the Company's stockholders or his or her resignation and until a successor is selected and qualified.

MICHAEL D. BECK was elected as a Director of the Company in March 1997 and has been Vice President of the Company since January 1997. Mr. Beck is also a Director and President and Chief Executive Officer of BETA and is a Director of MLP. Since 1983, Mr. Beck has been President of BETA, which provides consulting and contractual services to school districts, state education departments and test and textbook publishers. As of January 2, 1997, BETA became a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company and Mr. Beck continues to serve as the President of BETA. Mr. Beck has also provided consulting services on matters of educational research and assessment for various military, governmental and commercial organizations. Mr. Beck received an A.B. from John Carroll University and an M.A. from Fordham University.

STEVEN R. BERGER was elected as a Director of the Company in March 1996 and he also serves on each of the Company's Compensation and Audit Committees. Mr. Berger was a partner in the law firm of Salans from January 1989 through September 2002. Salans acted as special securities counsel to the Company from January 1995 through September 2002. Mr. Berger is currently a shareholder in the law firm of Vedder, Price, Kaufman & Kammholz, P.C. in New York City. The Company has retained Vedder, Price, Kaufman & Kammholz, P.C. since October 2002 as its special securities counsel. Mr. Berger received an A.B. from Harvard University and a J.D. from Harvard Law School.

PETER A. DUHAMEL joined the Company as the Chief Operating Officer of TASA and Modern Learning Press, Inc. in January 2000. He is currently Senior Vice President of the Company. Before joining the Company, Mr. Duhamel was the National Sales Manager for Prentice Hall Regents/Cambridge in Upper Saddle River, New Jersey, from July 1997 until December 1999, and as such was responsible for the sales of all Cambridge and Prentice Hall Regents products to the kindergarten through the adult/academic and GED markets through all lines of distribution. From January 1991 until June 1997, Mr. Duhamel was the General Manager of Sales and Marketing for the Troll School and Library in Mahwah, New Jersey, during which time Mr. Duhamel was responsible for the sales and marketing of Troll School and Library products to the educational market place. Mr. Duhamel received a B.S. from Western New England College.

DONALD W. HUGHES was elected as Director in June 2001. Since July 2001, Mr. Hughes has served on, and is Chairman of, the Company's Audit Committee. Since 1999, Mr. Hughes has served as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Camden Partners, Inc., and a member of and Chief Financial Officer of Camden Partners Holdings, LLC, each of which is an affiliate of Cahill Warnock. Mr. Hughes has served

as an officer of Cahill Warnock since February 1997 and is a General Partner and Chief Financial Officer of Cahill Warnock. Prior to joining Cahill Warnock in February 1997, Mr. Hughes had served as Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary of Capstone Pharmacy Services, Inc. from December 1995 and as Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of Broventure Company, Inc., a closely-held investment management company, from July 1984 to November 1995. Mr. Hughes also serves on the boards of Occupational Health + Rehabilitation Inc, and AgilQuest, Inc. Mr. Hughes received a B.A. from Lycoming College and an M.S.F. from Loyola College in Maryland, and is a Certified Public Accountant.

ANDREW L. SIMON was elected as Director and as President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company in March 1995. Mr. Simon serves as Chairman of the Board of Directors. Mr. Simon is also a Director and Secretary of BETA. He served as Interim President of TASA from June 1994 through March 1995. He was a founder of the Company and previously served as a Director from 1976 to 1991 and has acted as a financial consultant to the Company since its inception in 1976. From 1983 to 1986, he was a Vice President/Marketing Division Head in the Private Clients Group at Bankers Trust Company. He was a Vice President at Citibank, NA, where he held a number of senior marketing and sales positions, from 1980 to 1983. Prior to 1980, Mr. Simon served as Marketing Director for several consumer package goods companies including Norcliff-Thayer and Lederle Laboratories. He holds an M.B.A. from Columbia University and a B.A. from Washington University. Mr. Simon is on The George Washington University National Council for Education and Human Development and a director of The Hudson Valley Trust.

LINDA G. STRALEY was elected as a Director of the Company and has been Vice President since June 1994. From June 1994 through March 1995, she was Chairman of the Board of Directors. She has been Secretary since August 1992 and, from 1984 to 1994, she served as director of DRP Services for the Company. Ms. Straley received a B.A. in Education from Bethany College and an M.S. in Educational Psychology and Statistics from the State University of New York.

THOMAS STRUZZIERI was elected a Director of the Company in June 2000. He serves on each of the Company's Audit and Compensation Committees. Mr. Struzzieri is the owner of HITS, a special events production company. HITS currently produces major equestrian circuits in California, Florida, Virginia, New York, Arizona, and Nevada. He is a director of the American Horse Shows Association and President of the National Hunter Jumper Council. He is on the Board of Directors of the United Way of Dutchess County, the Rhinebeck Center for Performing Arts, the Bardavon Opera House, the Boy Scouts of American of Dutchess County and the Astor Home for Children. Mr. Struzzieri is also a trustee of Vassar Hospital and a member of the Business and Community Leaders' Advisory Committee of the Institute of Ecosystems Studies. He attended Vassar College.

DAVID L. WARNOCK was elected as a Director of the Company in October 1998 and, since that time, he has also served on the Company's Compensation Committee. Since 1999, Mr. Warnock has been President and Chief Executive Officer of each of Camden Partners, Inc. and Camden Partners Holdings, LLC, each of which is an affiliate of Cahill Warnock. Mr. Warnock is a founding partner of Cahill, Warnock & Company, LLC, an asset management firm established in 1995 to invest in small public companies. From 1983 to 1995, Mr. Warnock was with T. Rowe Price Associates in senior management positions, including President of the corporate general partner of T. Rowe Price Strategic Partners and T. Rowe Price Strategic Partners II, and as the Executive Vice President of T. Rowe Price New Horizons fund. Mr. Warnock also serves on the Boards of Directors of Blue Rhino Corp., Bridges Learning Systems, Concorde Career Colleges, Inc., Environmental Safeguards, Inc., the National Alliance to End Homelessness, the Center for Fathers, Families and Workforce Development, Nobel Learning Communities, and CardSystems Solutions, Inc. Mr. Warnock received a B.A. in History from the University of Delaware and a Masters in Finance from the University of Wisconsin.

Item 10. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The following table shows compensation for services rendered to the Company during Fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively, by the Chief Executive Officer, the President of BETA, the Senior Vice President of TASA, the Company's former Chief Financial Officer, and the former Executive Vice President of the Company's proprietary secondary school unit. Each executive officer serves under the authority of the Board of Directors. No other executive officer of the Company received cash compensation that exceeded \$100,000 during Fiscal 2003. Therefore, pursuant to Item 402 of Regulation S-B, only compensation for each of the persons listed below is shown in the Summary Compensation Table below.

SUMMARY COMPENSATION TABLE

		Ar	nual Comp	ensation	Long-	Term Compens	ation	
					Awa	irds F	Payouts	
Name and Principal	Year	Salary	Bonus	Other	Restricted	Securities	LTIP	All Other
Position		(\$)	(\$)	Annual	Stock	Underlying	Payouts	Compen-
		. ,	. ,	Compen-	Award(s)	Option/	(\$)	sation
				sation	(\$)	SÅRs ⁽¹⁾	` '	(\$)
Andrew L. Simon, President,	2003	\$227,000	\$50,000	\$23,346 ⁽²⁾	0	20,000/0(2)	0	0
Chief Executive Officer and	2002	\$219,166	\$25,000	\$22,125 ⁽²⁾	0	10,000/0 ⁽²⁾	0	0
Chief Financial Officer	2001	\$215,000	\$40,000	\$21,854 ⁽²⁾	10,000 ⁽²⁾	20,000/0 ⁽²⁾	0_	0
Michael D. Beck, Vice	2003	\$155,250	\$65,048	\$21,899 ⁽³⁾	0	12,000/0 ⁽³⁾	0	0
President, TASA; President	2002	\$150,000	\$25,414	\$19,928 ⁽³⁾	0	6,000/0 ⁽³⁾	0	0
and Chief Executive Officer, BETA	2001	\$150,000	\$47,854	\$19,654 ⁽³⁾	10,000 ⁽³⁾	12,000/0 ⁽³⁾	0	0
Peter A. Duhamel	2003	\$155,250	\$25,857	\$20,834 ⁽⁴⁾	0	5,000/0 ⁽⁴⁾	0	0
Senior Vice President, TASA	2002	\$150,000	\$43,902	\$18,831 ⁽⁴⁾	0	6,000/0 ⁽⁴⁾	0	0
	2001	\$122,260	\$40,511	\$17,848 ⁽⁴⁾	10,000 ⁽⁴⁾	12,000/0 ⁽⁴⁾	0	0
Denise M. Stefano, Chief	2003	\$0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Financial Officer (resigned	2002	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
effective July 31, 2001)	2001	\$91,616	0	\$9,945 ⁽⁵⁾	0	0	0	0
Faith Takes, Executive Vice	2003	\$ 87,115	0	\$7,531 ⁽⁶⁾	0	0	0	0
President, TESC; President	2002	\$150,000	0	\$12,093 ⁽⁶⁾	0	0	0	0
and Chief Executive Officer, MESI (resigned effective June 2003)	2001	\$150,000	0	\$9,945 ⁽⁶⁾	0	0	0	0

- *(1) To date, the Company has issued no SARs.
- (2) Includes: contributions to the Company's qualified 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan (the "401(k)") and the Company's Money Purchase Pension Plan (the "Pension Plan") of \$10,000 in Fiscal 2003, \$8,500 in Fiscal 2002, and \$8,500 in Fiscal 2001; and \$8,250, \$9,000, and \$9,000 for a company car in Fiscal 2003, 2002, and 2001, respectively. Also includes: restricted shares and options issued after the end of Fiscal 2001 pursuant to the Company's 2000 Stock Incentive Plan, as part of a bonus paid in respect of Fiscal 2001; and stock options issued after the end of Fiscal 2002 pursuant to the Company's 2000 Stock Incentive Plan, as part of the bonus paid in respect to Fiscal 2002.
- (3) Includes: contributions to the Company's 401(k) and Pension Plan of \$10,000 in Fiscal 2003, \$8,500 in Fiscal 2002; and \$8,500 in Fiscal 2001; and \$7,091, \$7,091, and \$7,091 for a company car in Fiscal 2003, 2002, and 2001, respectively. Also includes: restricted shares and options issued after the end of Fiscal 2001 pursuant to the Company's 2000 Stock Incentive Plan, as part of a bonus paid in respect of Fiscal 2001; and stock options issued after the end of Fiscal 2002 pursuant to the Company's 2000 Stock Incentive Plan, as part of the bonus paid in respect to Fiscal 2002.
- (4) Includes: contributions to the Company's 401(k) and Pension Plan of \$10,000 in Fiscal 2003, \$8,500 in Fiscal 2002 and \$8,500 in Fiscal 2001; and \$5,994, \$5,994 and \$5,994 for a company car in Fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Also includes: restricted shares and options issued after the end of Fiscal 2001 pursuant to the Company's 2000 Stock Incentive Plan, as part of a bonus paid in respect of Fiscal 2001; and stock options issued after the end of Fiscal 2002 pursuant to the Company's 2000 Stock Incentive Plan, as part of the bonus paid in respect to Fiscal 2002.
- (5) Includes: contributions to the Company's 401(k) and Pension Plan of \$0 in Fiscal 2003, \$0 in Fiscal 2002 and, \$4,581 in Fiscal 2001 and \$0, and \$2,541for a company car in Fiscal 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.
- (6) Includes: \$4,990, \$8,556 and \$8,556 for a company car in Fiscal 2003, Fiscal 2002, and Fiscal 2001, respectively.

Employment Contracts

On March 1, 1996, the Company entered into an employment agreement with each of Andrew L. Simon and Linda G. Straley, pursuant to which the Company agreed to employ Mr. Simon and Ms. Straley, and each of Mr. Simon and Ms. Straley agreed to remain, as the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer, and

Vice President, respectively, for a term of three years, subject to automatic yearly extensions and certain rights of termination as provided in each such agreement.

As of January 2, 1997, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Michael D. Beck, pursuant to which the Company agreed to employ Mr. Beck, and Mr. Beck agreed to remain, as Vice President of TASA and President and Chief Executive Officer of BETA, for a term of three years, subject to automatic yearly extensions and certain rights of termination as provided in such agreement.

In the employment agreements with each of Messrs. Simon and Beck and Ms. Straley, the Company has agreed to provide for certain benefits and protections for such executive officers in connection with a change of control of the Company. Such agreements provide that upon the occurrence of a change of control (as defined in each agreement) and the termination of such executive's employment agreement, such executive's employment agreement would continue until the earlier of three years from the date of such change of control or the date all of the Company's obligations under the employment agreement are satisfied. In addition, in the event of a change of control, each executive officer would be awarded for each fiscal year during the employment term, an annual bonus in cash at least equal to the average annual bonus payable to such executive in respect of two of the last three fiscal years immediately preceding the date of the change of control in which bonuses paid were higher. In addition, Mr. Beck's employment agreement provides that, in the event of a change of control, he would be entitled to receive a bonus equal to the average annual bonus payable to Mr. Beck from the Company in respect of two of the last three fiscal years immediately preceding the date of any change of control in which the bonuses paid were higher.

On December 1, 1999, the Company entered into an employment agreement with Peter Duhamel, pursuant to which, effective as of January 10, 2000, the Company agreed to employ Mr. Duhamel. Mr. Duhamel serves as Senior Vice President of the Company, for a term of one year, subject to automatic yearly extensions and certain rights of termination as provided in such agreement. The agreement contains a non-competition clause for one year following termination of the executive's employment.

Generally, each employee of the Company has agreed to the assignment to the Company of the employee's rights to any inventions relating to the Company's business or interest which were conceived both prior to and during the period of employment and, except under certain specified conditions, the Company's employees are prohibited from competing for one year with the Company in areas in which he or she was employed.

Stock Incentive Plans

The Board of Directors of the Company adopted the 1991 Stock Option Incentive Plan (the "Option Plan") on August 25, 1991 in order to attract and retain qualified personnel, which Option Plan was approved by the stockholders on August 25, 1991. The Board of Directors adopted the Amended and Restated 1991 Stock Option Incentive Plan (the "Amended Option Plan") in February 1996, which Amended Option Plan amended and restated the Option Plan and was approved by the stockholders of the Company on March 29, 1996. Under the Amended Option Plan, options to purchase up to 625,000 shares of Common Stock were available to be granted to employees, officers, directors and consultants of the Company. The Amended Option Plan terminated in 2001, after which no further options or stock awards may be issued under the Amended Option Plan; all options and other stock awards outstanding under the Amended Option Plan at the termination date shall continue to be outstanding and may be exercised in accordance with their respective terms, until such options or other stock awards expire by their terms.

The Board of Directors of the Company adopted the 2000 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2000 Plan") in February, 2000. The stockholders of the Company approved the 2000 Plan at the Company's Annual Meeting of Stockholders held on March 31, 2000. Under the 2000 Plan, options or other stock awards with respect to up to 300,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock may be granted to employees, officers, directors and consultants of the Company. In addition, any options outstanding under the Amended Plan, which expire after the adoption of the 2000 Plan, are added to the number of shares available under the 2000 Plan. The terms of the 2000 Plan are substantially identical to the terms of the Amended Option Plan, except for provisions with respect to the number of shares which may be issued under the 2000 Plan and the expiration date of the 2000 Plan.

Each of the Amended Option Plan and the 2000 Plan (collectively, the "Option Plans") is administered by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Committee"). Subject to the terms of the Option

Plans, the Committee is authorized to select optionees and determine the number of shares covered by each option and certain of its other terms. The exercise price of stock options granted under the Option Plans may not be less than the fair market value of the Company's Common Stock on the date of the grant. In general, options become exercisable after the first anniversary of the date of grant. The period within which any stock option may be exercised cannot exceed ten years from the date of grant. Options held by a terminated employee expire three months after termination except in the event of death, disability or termination for cause. No one participant may receive, in any one fiscal year, awards under the Option Plans which would entitle the participant to receive more than 50,000 shares.

In Fiscal 2001, 22,750 options were cancelled under the Amended Option Plan. No options were granted in Fiscal 2001 under either the Amended Option Plan or the 2000 Plan. In Fiscal 2002, 4,500 options were cancelled under the Amended Option Plan. In January 2002, restricted stock awards aggregating 35,000 shares and 79,800 options were granted under the 2000 Plan. In Fiscal 2003, 57,000 options were cancelled under the Amended Option Plan, 39,500 options were granted under the 2000 Plan, 9,000 options were exercised under the 2000 Plan and 500 options were cancelled under the 2000 Plan. As of October 31, 2003, options to purchase up to an aggregate of 109,800 shares were outstanding under the 2000 Plan. As of October 31, 2003, options to purchase up to an aggregate of 413,788 shares were outstanding under the Amended Option Plan.

OPTION/SAR GRANTS IN LAST FISCAL YEAR (INDIVIDUAL GRANTS)

Name	Number of Securities Underlying Options/SARs ⁽¹⁾ Granted (#)	Percent of Total Options/SARs Granted to Employees in Fiscal Year	Exercise Or Base Price (\$/Share)	Expiration Date
Andrew L. Simon, President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer	10,000	25.3%	\$0.65	1/24/2013
Michael D. Beck, Vice President, TASA; President and Chief Executive Officer, BETA	6,000	15.2%	\$0.65	1/24/2013
Peter Duhamel, Senior Vice President, TASA	6,000	15.2%	\$0.65	1/24/2013
Faith Takes, Executive Vice President, TESC; President and Chief Executive Officer, MESI				

(1) To date, the Company has issued no SARs.

AGGREGATED OPTION/SAR EXERCISES IN LAST FISCAL YEAR AND FISCAL-END OPTION/SAR VALUES

			Number of	
			Securities	
			Underlying	Value of Unexercised
			Unexercised	In-the-Money
			Options/SARs ⁽¹⁾	Options/SARs ⁽¹⁾ at
			at FY-End (#)	FY-End (\$)
	Shares			
	Acquired on	Value Realized	Exercisable/	Exercisable/
Name	Exercise (#)	(\$)	Unexercisable	Unexercisable
Andrew L. Simon, President, Chief	0	0	161,875/10,000	\$37,440/\$13,500 ⁽²⁾
Executive Officer and Chief Financial				
Officer				

Michael D. Beck, Vice President, TASA; President and Chief Executive Officer, BETA	0	0	82,750/6,000	\$22,464/\$8,100 ⁽²⁾
Peter Duhamel, Senior Vice President, TASA	0	0	52,000/6,000	\$18,480/\$8,100 ⁽²⁾
Faith Takes, Executive Vice President, TESC; President and Chief Executive Officer, MESI	0	0	0	0

- (1) To date, the Company has issued no SARs.
- (2) Based on the closing price of the Company's Common Stock on NASDAQ on October 31, 2003, of \$2.00.

Directors Compensation

The Board of Directors of the Company adopted the Directors Plan in February 1996 in order to aid the Company in attracting, retaining and motivating independent directors, which Directors Plan was approved by the stockholders of the Company on March 29, 1996. The Directors Plan initially authorized awards up to an aggregate of 25,000 shares of Common Stock. In February 2000, the Board of Directors approved an amendment to the Directors Plan increasing to 75,000 the number of shares which may be the subject of stock options under the Directors Plan. The stockholders of the Company approved such amendment at the Annual Meeting of Stockholders on March 31, 2000. Under the Directors Plan, non-qualified stock options to purchase up to 75,000 shares of Common Stock may be granted to non-employee directors of the Company, which options are granted automatically at the times and in the manner stated in the Directors Plan.

Subject to the terms of the Directors Plan, each non-employee director receives 5,000 options on the day he (she) first is elected to the Board of Directors, and 2,500 options on the date of each annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company, provided he (she) is re-elected to the Board of Directors. The exercise price of stock options granted under the Directors Plan is the fair market value of the Company's Common Stock on the date of grant. The options become exercisable after the first anniversary of the date of grant and the term of the option cannot exceed ten years. On March 30, 2001, the Company granted 10,000 options, on June 6, 2001, the Company granted 5,000 options; on March 20, 2002, the Company granted 12,500 options under the Directors Plan; and on April 25, 2003, the Company granted 10,000 options under the Directors Plan. As of October 31, 2003, an aggregate of 56,875 options were outstanding under the Directors Plan.

Directors receive no compensation, other than the options pursuant to the Directors Plan, for services in such capacity.

Other Plans

Consultants Stock Incentive Plan. In March 1997, the Board of Directors of the Company adopted the Consultants Plan, pursuant to which options to purchase up to 50,000 shares of Common Stock may be granted to consultants to the Company. The Consultants Plan is administered by the Board of Directors of the Company. Subject to the terms of the Consultants Plan, the Board is authorized to select optionees and determine the number of shares covered by each option and certain of its other terms. In general, the exercise price of stock options granted under the Consultants Plan is the fair market value of the Company's Common Stock on the date of the grant, however, the Board has the discretion to use another method of valuation if it determines that such other valuation is warranted. In general, options become exercisable six months from the date of grant, although the Board has discretion to set either longer or shorter vesting periods. The period within which any stock option may be exercised cannot exceed ten years from the date of grant. If a consultant's association with the Company is terminated prior to the end of its agreed term, all unexercised, deferred and unpaid awards shall be canceled immediately, except in the event of the Consultant's death or disability. During Fiscal 2002, the Company granted 7,500 options under the Consultants Plan. As of October 31, 2003, 7,500 options were outstanding under the Consultants Plan.

Profit Sharing Plan. The Company has a qualified 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan. For fiscal years ended before November 1, 2000, the 401(k) Plan allowed eligible employees to contribute up to 15 percent (15%) of income through Company contributions and a salary reduction mechanism. Company contributions to the 401(k) Plan were optional and accrued at the discretion of the Board of Directors. For Fiscal 2000 and Fiscal 1999,

the Board of Directors of the Company elected not to make a contribution to the 401(k) Plan. Effective November 1, 2000, the Company amended the 401(k) Plan to provide a matching component under the 401(k) Plan of up to five percent (5%) of each eligible employee's compensation. In addition, the eligibility requirements were amended to that an employee is not eligible until completing twelve months or one thousand hours of employment, and may only enter the 401(k) Plan at specified entry dates.

Net assets for the 401(k) Plan, as estimated by the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company which maintains such plan's records, were \$2,341,940, \$1,735,127 and \$1,667,686, at October 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001 respectively.

Money Purchase Pension Plan. In October 1991, the Company adopted a Money Purchase Pension Plan, which has been qualified by the Internal Revenue Service. Under this Plan, for fiscal years ended before November 1, 2000, the Company was required to make an annual contribution to the Plan equal to ten percent (10%) of each eligible employee's compensation. Effective November 1, 2000, the Company amended the Plan to exclude highly compensated employees and to reduce the contribution to five percent (5%) of each eligible employee's compensation. In addition, the eligibility requirements were amended to that an employee is not eligible until completing twelve months of employment, and may only enter the Pension Plan at specified entry dates.

Net assets for the Money Purchase Pension Plan, as estimated by the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company which maintains such plan's records, were \$1,191,537, \$940,550, and \$936,111at October 31, 2003, 2002, and 2001, respectively.

For Fiscal 2003, Fiscal 2002 and Fiscal 2001, the Company's retirement costs aggregated \$198,000, \$142,000 and \$146,000, respectively.

Section 16(a) Beneficial Ownership Reporting Compliance

Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 requires the Company's directors, executive officers and persons who own beneficially more than ten percent of the Company's outstanding common stock to file with the SEC initial reports of beneficial ownership and reports of changes in beneficial ownership of common stock and other securities of the Company on Forms 3, 4 and 5, and to furnish the Company with copies of all such forms they file. Based on a review of copies of such reports received by the Company, all of the Company's directors and officers timely filed all reports required with respect to Fiscal 2003.

Item 11. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT

The following table sets forth certain information regarding the beneficial ownership of the Company's Common Stock, as of January 20, 2004, by (i) each person who is known by the Company to own beneficially more than 5% of the Company's outstanding Common Stock; (ii) each of the Company's officers and directors; and (iii) all officers and directors as a group.

As of January 20, 2004, there were 2,603,453 shares of Common Stock outstanding. Each share of Common Stock is entitled to one vote per share.

Name and Address of Beneficial Owners and Directors and Officers	Shares of Common Stock Beneficially Owned	Percent of Common Stock Beneficially Owned
5% Beneficial Owners:		
Cahill, Warnock Strategic Partners Fund, L.P. c/o Cahill, Warnock & Co., LLC 1 South Street, Suite 2150 Baltimore, MD 21202	592,849 ^{1,2}	21.7%
Heidtke & Company P.O. Box 190666 Nashville, Tennessee 37219	215,000	8.3%
Officers and Directors		
Michael D. Beck 4 Hardscrabble Heights Brewster, NY 10509	174,875 ³	6.5%
Steven R. Berger 805 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022	10,625 ⁴	*
Peter A. Duhamel 4 Hardscrabble Heights Brewster, NY 10509	74,000 ⁵	2.8%
Donald W. Hughes 1 South Street, Suite 2150 Baltimore, Maryland 21202	633,199 ⁶	23.0%
Andrew L. Simon 4 Hardscrabble Heights Brewster, NY 10509	272,113 ⁷	9.8%
Linda G. Straley 4 Hardscrabble Heights Brewster, NY 10509	124,494 ⁸	4.7%
Thomas Struzzieri 319 Main Street Saugerties, NY 12477	15,000 ⁹	*
David L. Warnock 1 South Street, Suite 2150 Baltimore, Maryland 21202	635,699 ¹⁰	23.1%
Officers and Directors as a Group (8 persons)	1,306,806 ¹¹	40.8%

^{*} Less than 1%

¹ Includes 130,799 shares that Cahill, Warnock Strategic Partners Fund, L.P. (the "Fund") has the right to acquire pursuant to currently exercisable warrants (the "Fund Warrants"). Excludes (a) 25,602 shares, and (b) 7,248 shares which may be acquired pursuant to currently exercisable warrants (the "Strategic Warrants"), owned by Strategic Associates, L.P., an affiliate of the Fund, but as to which the Fund disclaims beneficial ownership. ("Strategic Associates"; together, with the Fund, the "Cahill, Warnock Entities"). Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement (the "Investor Rights Agreement") between the Company and the Cahill, Warnock Entities, the Company has agreed that so long as the Cahill, Warnock Entities own at least 50% of the Fund Warrants and the Strategic Warrants (the "Warrants") (or if the Warrants have been exercised, the shares issuable pursuant thereto), the Cahill, Warnock Entities have the right to nominate two directors to the Board

of Directors of the Company. David L. Warnock and Donald W. Hughes are the two current directors who were nominated by the Cahill, Warnock Entities. Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, the directors and executive officers of the Company have agreed, at each meeting of stockholders for the purpose of electing directors, to cast their eligible votes in favor of the nominees of the Cahill, Warnock Entities.

- ² Edward L. Cahill, David L. Warnock and Donald W. Hughes are general partners of Cahill, Warnock Strategic Partners, L.P. ("Cahill, Warnock Partners"), the Fund's sole general partner, and the sole general partner of Strategic Associates. Each of David L. Warnock and Donald W. Hughes is also a director of the Company (see footnotes 7 and 12 to this table).
- ³ Includes (i) 42,000 shares which are owned jointly with Mr. Beck's wife, (ii) 9,375 shares owned by Mr. Beck's daughter, and (iii) 88,750 shares which Mr. Beck has the right to acquire upon the exercise of currently exercisable stock options or options that will become exercisable within 60 days. Excludes 9,375 shares owned by Mr. Beck's wife, as to which Mr. Beck disclaims beneficial ownership.
- ⁴ Includes 10,625 shares which Mr. Berger has the right to acquire upon the exercise of currently exercisable stock options or stock options which become exercisable within 60 days, and excludes 2,500 shares which are the subject of options that are not currently exercisable.
- ⁵ Includes 58,000 shares which are the subject of options granted to Mr. Duhamel which are currently exercisable or stock options which become exercisable within 60 days.
- ⁶ Includes (i) 487,652 shares owned by the Cahill Warnock Entities, (ii) 130,799 shares which the Fund has the right to acquire pursuant to the Fund Warrant; (iii) 7,248 shares which Strategic Associates, has the right to acquire pursuant to the Strategic Warrant (see footnotes 1 and 2 to this table); and (iv) 7,500 shares which Mr. Hughes has the right to acquire upon the exercise of options currently exercisable stock options or stock options which become exercisable within the next 60 days. Excludes 2,500 shares which are the subject of options that are not currently exercisable.
- ⁷ Includes 171,875 shares which Mr. Simon has the right to acquire upon the exercise of currently exercisable stock options or stock options that will become exercisable within 60 days. Excludes 375 shares of Common Stock owned by the retirement account of Mr. Simon's wife, as to which Mr. Simon disclaims beneficial ownership.
- ⁸ Includes 73,800 shares which Ms. Straley has the right to acquire upon the exercise of currently exercisable stock options or options that will become exercisable within 60 days
- ⁹ Includes 10,000 shares which Mr. Struzzieri has the right to acquire upon the exercise of currently exercisable stock options or options which become exercisable within the next 60 days. Excludes 2,500 shares which are the subject of options that are not currently exercisable
- ¹⁰ Includes (i) 10,000 shares which Mr. Warnock has the right to acquire upon the exercise of currently exercisable stock options or stock options which become exercisable within 60 days; (ii) 487,652 shares owned by the Cahill Warnock Entities, (iii) 130,799 shares which the Fund has the right to acquire pursuant to the Fund Warrant; and (iv) 7,248 shares which Strategic Associates, has the right to acquire pursuant to the Strategic Warrant (see footnotes 1 and 2 to this table). Excludes 2,500 shares which are the subject of options that are not currently exercisable
- ¹¹ Includes 464,300 shares which officers and directors have the right to acquire upon the exercise of currently exercisable stock options, options which become exercisable within the next 60 days, and 138,047 shares which the Cahill Warnock Entities have the right to acquire upon the exercise of currently exercisable warrants.

Item 12. CERTAIN RELATIONSHIPS AND RELATED TRANSACTIONS

In November 1998, the Company, acquired substantially all of the assets of Mildred Elley. The Company financed the acquisition through the issuance of the Debentures, with the Warrants attached, pursuant to a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement"), with the Cahill, Warnock Entities. Pursuant to the Securities Purchase Agreement, the Company: (i) issued and sold to the Cahill, Warnock Entities 8% Debentures due 2003 (the "Debentures"), dated October 28, 1998 (the "Purchase Closing Date"), in the aggregate principal amount of \$4,000,000, (ii) issued and sold to the Cahill, Warnock Entities, as

additional consideration for purchasing the Debentures, the Warrants to acquire an aggregate of 690,229.5 shares of the Company's Common Stock, which, on the Purchase Closing Date, constituted 20% of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock on a fully diluted basis, after giving effect to the transactions contemplated in the Securities Purchase Agreement and (iii) authorized the issuance and sale in the future to the Cahill, Warnock Entities of additional shares of the Company's Common Stock upon the Company's exercise of a put option, the terms and conditions of which are set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement. The exercise price of the Warrants upon issuance was \$1.40 per share of Common Stock, subject to certain antidilution adjustments set forth in the Warrants. On December 3, 1999, in exchange for the Cahill, Warnock Entities' consent, among other things, to subordinate the Debentures to certain financing the Company was seeking to obtain in connection with the implementation of the Company's strategic plan and pursuant to a Consent, Agreement and Amendment, dated as of December 3, 1999, among the Company and the Cahill, Warnock Entities, the Board of Directors of the Company approved a repricing of the Warrants to an exercise price of \$1.125 per share of Common Stock, subject to the same antidilution adjustments referred to above. On October 1, 2002, the Company and the Cahill Warnock entities agreed to an extension of the maturity date of the Debentures from October 28, 2003 until February 1, 2004. Using a portion of the proceeds from the sale of MLP and the sale/leaseback of the Company's headquarters building, both of which occurred in Fiscal 2003, the Company prepaid the outstanding Debentures in the fourth quarter of Fiscal 2003. A portion of the Warrants held by the Cahill, Warnock Entities expired at the end of Fiscal 2003, leaving the Cahill Warnock Entities with an aggregate of 138,047 warrants outstanding until April 2005.

Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement between the Company and the Cahill, Warnock Entities, the Company has agreed that so long as the Cahill, Warnock Entities own at least 50% of the Warrants (or if the Warrants have been exercised, the shares issuable pursuant thereto), the Cahill, Warnock Entities shall have the right to nominate two directors to the Board of Directors of the Company. David L. Warnock and Donald W. Hughes are the current directors who were nominated by the Cahill, Warnock Entities. Pursuant to the Investor Rights Agreement, the directors and executive officers have agreed, at each meeting of stockholders for the purpose of electing directors, to cast their eligible votes in favor of the nominees of the Cahill, Warnock Entities.

As of January 2, 1997, the Company purchased all of the outstanding capital stock of BETA from the holders of such shares for a purchase price equal to (i) \$130,000 in cash, (ii) \$150,000 payable in promissory notes (the "Notes"), bearing interest at the rate of 8.25% and maturing on January 2, 1999, and (iii) 150,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The Notes were paid in December 1998. Michael D. Beck, Vice President and Director of the Company and President and Chief Executive Officer of BETA, Connie Beck, Mr. Beck's wife, and Amanda Beck, Mr. Beck's daughter, were the shareholders of BETA at the time of its acquisition. Pursuant to the Stock Purchase Agreement, Mr. Beck had the option to repurchase all of the outstanding capital stock of BETA from the Company for a period of six years from the Agreement Date. This option expired unexercised on January 2, 2003.

In November 1998, the Company purchased substantially all of the assets of Mildred Elley for an aggregate purchase price of \$3,000,000, paid a portion in cash and the balance with a five-year promissory note. Simultaneous with the closing of such purchase, the Company's subsidiary entered into an employment agreement with Faith Takes, pursuant to which Ms. Takes agreed to remain as the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company's post-secondary proprietary schools division. Effective June 3, 2003, the Company completed the disposition of the proprietary school business, and sold Mildred Elley to its current president and former owner. At closing, the Company received \$50,000 in cash proceeds from the sale. In addition it will receive 25% of the proceeds from the sale or refinancing of the schools to a third party, which must take place within seven years from the date of closing. Substantially all the assets and liabilities on the balance sheet were acquired by the purchaser, and all pending litigations with the previous owner of the school was settled.

One of the Company's directors, Steven R. Berger, through September 30, 2002, was a partner in Salans, which acted as special securities counsel to the Company. The Company paid legal fees of \$58,043 and \$62,217, to Salans for Fiscal 2002 and 2001, respectively. As of October 1, 2002, Mr. Berger became a shareholder in Vedder, Price, Kaufman & Kammholz, P.C. The Company has retained Vedder, Price, Kaufman & Kammholz, P.C. as its special securities counsel, and the Company paid an aggregate of \$83,082 in legal fees to Vedder Price in Fiscal 2003.

Item 13. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- (a) The following Exhibits are filed as part of this Report:
 - 3.1 Certificate of Incorporation, dated August 22, 1991 filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 1999)
 - 3.2 Certificate of Merger dated August 26, 1992, filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 7, 1993)
 - 3.3 Certificate of Amendment of Certificate of Incorporation dated March 4, 1999, filed with the Secretary of State of the State of Delaware (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 1999)
 - 3.4 Amended and Restated By-Laws (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-27659) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 22, 1997)
 - 4.1 Specimen Certificate evidencing shares of Common Stock (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-75377) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 31, 1999)
 - 4.2 Form of Warrant (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (File No. 333-27659) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 22, 1997)
 - 4.3 Investor Rights Agreement, dated as of September 4, 1998, by and among the Company, Cahill Warnock Strategic Partners Fund, L.P., Strategic Associates, L.P., and the Individual Shareholders Named Therein (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 23, 1998 (the "November 1998 8-K"))
 - 4.4 Registration Rights Agreement, dated as of September 4, 1998, by and among the Company, Cahill, Warnock Strategic Partners Fund, L.P., and Strategic Associates, L.P. (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the November 1998 8-K)
 - 4.5 Form of Warrant issued in connection with the Securities Purchase Agreement by and between the Company, Cahill, Warnock Strategic Partners Fund, L.P. and Strategic Associates, L.P. (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the November 1998 8-K)

- 4.6 Amendment No. 1 to the Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of March 8, 1999, among the Company, Cahill, Warnock Strategic Partners Fund, L.P. and Strategic Associates, L.P. (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1999)
- 4.7 Consent, Agreement and Amendment, dated as of December 3, 1999, by and among the Company, Cahill, Warnock Strategic Partners Fund, L.P. and Strategic Associates, L.P. (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1999).
- 4.8 Consent, Agreement and Amendment, dated as of October 1, 2002, by and among the Company, Cahill, Warnock Strategic Partners Fund, L.P. and Strategic Associates, L.P. (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2002)
- 401(k) Plan (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 7, 1993)
- 10.2 Patent Assignment by Bertram Koslin to the Company (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Registration Statement on Form SB-2 (File No. 33-65766) under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 7, 1993)
- 10.3 Amended and Restated 1991 Stock Option Incentive Plan (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 1996)
- 10.4 Directors Stock Option Plan (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 1996)
- 10.5 2000 Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2001)
- 10.6 Consultants Stock Incentive Plan (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 1997)
- 10.7 Employment Agreement with Andrew L. Simon (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 1996)
- 10.8 Employment Agreement with Linda G. Straley (incorporated herein by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended April 30, 1996)

- 10.9 Stock Purchase Agreement, dated as of January 2, 1997, between Beck Evaluation & Testing Associates, Inc., Connie K. Beck, Michael D. Beck, Amanda P. Beck and the Company, together with all schedules and exhibits thereto (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 1997)
- 10.9 Employment Agreement, dated as of January 2, 1997, between the Company and Michael D. Beck (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 1997)
- 10.10 Asset Purchase Agreement, dated as of May 30, 1997, by and between Programs for Education, Inc., Bernard B. Shapiro, Modern Learning Press, Inc. and the Company (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 16, 1997)
- 10.11 Royalty Agreement, dated May 30, 1997, by and between Modern Learning Press, Inc. and Bernard B. Shapiro (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 16, 1997)
- 10.12 Asset Sale Agreement, dated as of June 3, 2003, among Mildred Elley School, Inc., Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc., TASA Educational Services Corporation, Faith A. Takes and Empire Education Corporation (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Current Report on Form 8-K, as amended, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 18, 2003, as amended on September 15, 2003 (the "ME 8-K"))
- 10.13 Escrow Agreement, dated as of June 3, 2003, by and among Mildred Elley School, Inc., Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc., TASA Educational Services Corporation, Empire Education Corporation, and Hodgson Russ LLP, as escrow agent. (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the ME 8-K)
- 10.14 Securities Purchase Agreement, dated as of September 4, 1998, by and among the Company, Cahill Warnock Strategic Partners Fund, L.P., and Strategic Associates, L.P. (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the November 1998 8-K)
- 10.15 Employment Agreement, dated December 1, 1999, by and among the Company and Peter Duhamel (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1999)
- 10.16 Contract of Sale, dated as of January 31, 2003, between the Company and 26 Palmer, LLC (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2003)

- 10.17 Agreement of Lease between the Company and 26 Palmer, LLC (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-QSB for the fiscal quarter ended January 31, 2003)
- 21 Subsidiaries of the Company (incorporated by reference to the exhibit contained in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended October 31, 1998)
- 23 Consent of Lazar, Levine & Felix LLP (filed herewith)
- 31 Certification by Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (filed herewith)
- Certification by Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (filed herewith)
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K

Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on June 18, 2003, as amended on September 15, 2003

Current Report on Form 8-K, filed on September 15, 2003.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The Board of Directors of the Company appointed, and the Audit Committee confirmed, the firm of Lazar, Levine & Felix LLP ("Lazar") as its independent auditors for the 2003 fiscal year. Lazar has been serving the Company in this capacity since September 1995. In Fiscal 2003 and Fiscal 2002, the Company incurred the following professional fees from Lazar:

Audit Fees. In Fiscal 2003 and Fiscal 2002, the Company incurred \$85,042 and \$105,000, respectively, in fees in connection with the audits of the Company's annual financial statements for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2003 and October 31, 2002, respectively, and for the reviews of the financial statements of the Company included in the Company's quarterly reports for such fiscal years. The audit fees for Fiscal 2002 included \$12,000 in fees accrued for the audit of the Company's financial statements for Fiscal 2001.

Audit-Related Fees. In Fiscal 2002, the Company incurred \$35,750 in fees in connection with Lazar's audits of the Company's performance during Fiscal 2001 and Fiscal 2002 of a contract to provide assessment and scoring services for a particular state. In Fiscal 2003, the Company incurred \$12,100 in fees in connection with Lazar's audits of the Company's performance during Fiscal 2002 and Fiscal 2003 under that same state contract. Such audits were required by the state contract. In addition, the Company incurred \$11,000 in Fiscal 2003 and \$8,390 in Fiscal 2002 in fees for a separate Department of Education audit required for Mildred Elley, prior to the disposition of such division.

Tax Fees. The Company did not incur any fees to Lazar in Fiscal 2003 or Fiscal 2002 for services related to tax compliance, tax planning, and reporting

All Other Fees. For all other services, the Company incurred an aggregate of \$16,544 and \$8,560, respectively, in fees to Lazar during the Fiscal 2003 and Fiscal 2002, respectively, for all non-audit services. These services were rendered principally in connection with the sale of the Company's post-secondary school division and instructional materials division which have been classified as discontinued operations.

The Audit Committee believes that, on the basis of the relevant facts and circumstances pertaining to that firm's engagement by the Company, Lazar satisfies the requirements for independence from the Company.

Audit Committee Pre-Approval of Audit Services and Permissible Non-Audit Services. Consistent with Sarbanes-Oxley and the SEC regulations promulgated thereunder, the Audit Committee has established a policy to pre-approve all audit and permissible non-audit services to be performed by the Company's independent accountants.

INDEX TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	F-2
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS	F-3
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS	F - 5
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	F - 7
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS	F-8
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	F - 10

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To The Board of Directors
Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc. and Subsidiaries

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of October 31, 2003 and 2002, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the three fiscal years ended October 31, 2003. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc. and Subsidiaries as of October 31, 2003 and 2002 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the three fiscal years ended October 31, 2003 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lazar, Levine & Felix LLP New York, New York December 11, 2003

Page 1 of 2

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	October 31,	
	<u>2003</u>	2002
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current assets:		
Cash and temporary investments Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful	\$ 984,891	\$ 115,909
accounts of \$6,971 and \$24,434, respectively	959,987	1,071,107
Inventories	511,410	428,742
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	285,844	394,828
Deferred income taxes	256,017	
Current assets held for sale		3,155,444
Total current assets	2,998,149	5,166,030
Property, plant and equipment - net of		
accumulated depreciation of \$395,327 and		
\$1,285,412, respectively	195,341	1,574,161
Property, plant and equipment held for sale		184,730
Other assets:		
Test passage bank and test development, net of accumulated amortization of \$2,767,504 and		
\$2,362,963, respectively	2,153,975	2,202,998
Goodwill	198,159	198,159
Deferred income taxes	1,107,857	1,875,670
Other assets	396,241	166,356
Other assets held for sale		<u>1,438,658</u>
Total assets	\$7,049,722	<u>\$12,806,762</u>

Page 2 of 2

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

	October 31,	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>2003</u>	2002
Current liabilities: Lines of credit	\$	\$
Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued expenses	7,600 131,667 1,062,653	55,556 513,825 713,161
Current liabilities held for sale		1,783,504
Total current liabilities	1,201,920	3,066,046
Long-term debt: Subordinated debt		3,530,141
Long-term debt, net of current portion Other liabilities held for sale	30,400 	1,530,144 <u>241,547</u>
Total liabilities	1,232,320	8,367,878
Commitments and contingencies		
Stockholders' equity: Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value, 5,000,000 authorized, 0 shares		
issued and outstanding, respectively Common stock, \$.0001 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized, 2,603,453 and 2,594,453 shares issued		
and outstanding, respectively Additional paid-in capital	260 5,548,668	259
Deferred interest Retained earnings (deficit)	5,548,666 268,474	5,538,393 (117,293) (982,475)
Total stockholders' equity	5,817,402	4,438,884
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$7,049,722</u>	<u>\$12,806,762</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Page 1 of 2

	Fiscal Year Ended October 31, 2003 2002 200		
Net revenue	\$9,761,638	\$7,562,468	\$6,594,163
Cost of goods sold	5,075,148	<u>3,596,680</u>	2,428,659
Gross profit	4,686,490	3,965,788	4,165,504
Operating expenses: Selling expenses General and administrative expenses	1,453,190 2,189,318	1,168,912 <u>2,019,119</u>	828,061 2,169,273
Total operating expenses	3,642,508	3,188,031	2,997,334
Income from operations	1,043,982	777,757	1,168,170
Other income (expense): Gain (loss) on sale of assets Interest expense, net	1,254,383 (403,940)	(14,245) <u>(549,891)</u>	
Income before income taxes	1,894,425	213,621	577,870
Income taxes	823,694	86,882	203,982
Income from continuing operations	<u>1,070,731</u>	126,739	373,888
Income (loss) from discontinued operations: Income (loss) from operations net of income tax expense (benefit) of \$(248,127), \$38,239 and			
\$(86,874), respectively	(372,190)	57,358	(130,312)
Income (loss) on disposal, net of income tax expense (benefit) of \$309,349 and \$(1,604,734)	<u>552,408</u>	(2,532,102)	
Income (loss) from discontinued operations	180,218	(2,474,744)	(130,312)
Net income (loss)	<u>\$1,250,949</u>	<u>\$(2,348,005)</u>	<u>\$ 243,576</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Page 2 of 2

	Fiscal Year Ended October 31,		
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	<u>2001</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic Diluted	2,596,252 2,661,014	2,587,241 2,587,241	2,559,453 2,560,042
Basic earnings (loss) per share Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$.41 .07	\$.05 (.96)	\$.15 (.05)
	<u>\$48</u>	<u>\$ (.91)</u>	<u>\$10</u>
Diluted earnings (loss) per share Continuing operations Discontinued operations	\$.40 	\$.05 (.96)	\$.15 (.05)
	<u>\$47</u>	\$ (.91)	<u>\$.10</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Unearned Retained Deferred Compensatory Earnings Interest Stock (Deficit)	\$(352,523) \$(10,608) \$ 1,121,954	- 9,357 116,970 <u>243,576</u>	(235,553) (1,251) 1,365,530	118,260 - (2,348,005)	(117,293) - (982,475)	117,293 - 1,250,949	- \$ 268.474
Additional Paid-in <u>Capital</u>	\$5,522,296	1 1 1	5,522,296	16,097	5,538,393	10,275	\$5,548,668
n Stock <u>Amount</u>	\$256	1 1 1	256	n ۱ ۱ ۱ ۱	259	- 1	\$260
Shares Amo	2,559,453	1	2,559,453	35,000	2,594,453	0006	2,603,453
ed Stock Amount	¦ \$	1 1 1	ł	1 1 1 1	I	1 1 1	5
Preferred Stock Shares Amoun	1	1 1 1	ŧ	1 1 1 1	ı	1 1 1	
	Balance at November 1, 2000	Financial advisory services Interest expense Net income	Balance at October 31, 2001	Issuance of common stock for payment of prior year bonuses Financial advisory services Interest expense Net (loss)	Balance at October 31, 2002	Exercise of employee stock options Interest expense Net income	Balance at October 31, 2003

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Page 1 of 2

	Fiscal Year Ended October 31,		per 31,
	<u>2003</u>	2002	<u>2001</u>
ODEDATING ACTIVITIES			
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	04.050.040	# (0.040.005)	© 040 570
Net income (loss)	\$1,250,949	\$(2,348,005)	\$ 243,576
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net			
cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	605,310	623,192	562,636
Deferred interest	117,293	118,260	116,970
Deferred income taxes	749,913	82,319	254,502
Financial advisory services		1,251	9,357
(Income) loss on discontinued operations	(861,757)	1,109,248	
Impairment of goodwill – discontinued operations		3,027,588	
Bad debt expense	(17,463)	19,912	
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(1,254,383)	14,245	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	(, , , ,		
Accounts receivable	128,583	187,395	(299,897)
Inventories	(82,668)	(34,644)	(80,411)
Prepaid expenses	108,087	(241,414)	(26,316)
Other assets	(1,388)	(= · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(==,=.=)
Net assets from discontinued operations	(1,000)	(2,061,462)	(40,725)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(32,666)	(88,483)	423,176
Accounts payable and accided expenses	(02,000)		420,170
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	709,810	409,402	1,162,868
NET CHOIT ESTOTICIMENT ENTITION OF ENTITON OF ENTITION OF ENTITION OF ENTITION OF ENTITION OF ENTITION			_1,102,000
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Test passage bank and test development	(355,518)	(213,986)	(346,398)
Software development costs	(175,682)	(12,616)	(20,493)
Prepublication costs	(169,960)	(12,010)	(20, 100)
Proceeds from the sale of building	2,875,000		
Proceeds from sale of assets	2,073,000		17,000
Proceeds from the sale of discontinued operations	4,070,000		17,000
	, ,		
Closing costs on sale of building	(161,891)		
Closing costs on sale of discontinued operations	(556,037)	/GE 0G0\	 (20 070)
Acquisition of fixed assets	<u>(299,174)</u>	(65,062)	_ (32,279)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	5,226,738	(291,664)	(382,170)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Continued)

Page 2 of 2

	Fis	cal Year Ended	October 31,
	2003	2002	2001
FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Net repayments from loan payable		(49,472)	(697,748)
Repayment of subordinated debt	(3,530,141)		·
Proceeds from the exercise of employee stock options	10,275		
Proceeds from long-term debt	38,000		
Repayment of long-term debt	(1,585,700)		(45,592)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(5,067,566)	(49,472)	_(743,340)
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS	868,982	68,266	37,358
CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	<u>115,909</u>	47,643	10,285
CASH AND TEMPORARY INVESTMENTS AT END OF PERIOD	<u>\$ 984,891</u>	<u>\$ 115,909</u>	<u>\$ 47,643</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION: Cash paid during the year for:			
Interest Income taxes	\$ 404,333 \$ 34,442	\$ 554,391 \$ 163,660	\$ <u>722,030</u> \$ <u>29,700</u>

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc. (the "Company") develops, publishes and distributes a proprietary line of tests specifically to meet clients' measurement specifications to elementary and secondary schools, colleges and universities throughout the United States. The remainder of the Company's continuing operations is comprised of Beck Evaluation & Testing Associates, Inc. ("BETA"), a company which designs, develops and evaluates assessment needs for schools, school districts and test and textbook publishers throughout the United States. The Company's instructional segment was comprised of Modern Learning Press, Inc. ("MLP"). Substantially all the assets of MLP were sold in July 2003 (note 2). The Company's educational delivery segment was comprised of TASA Educational Services Corporation ("TESC"), and MESI Acquisition Corp. ("Elley"), the assets of which were sold in June 2003 (note 2).

The Company was originally incorporated in the State of New York in 1976. In August 1991, the Company changed its corporate domicile to Delaware by merger into a Delaware corporation created exclusively for that purpose. In January 1997, the Company purchased the outstanding capital stock of BETA.

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, BETA, MLP, TESC and Elley. All material intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. In addition, certain reclassifications have been made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements in order to conform to the presentation of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2003. Due to the sale of Elley and MLP, the operations of the instructional and delivery segments have been reflected as discontinued operations (note 2).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Goodwill

In June 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued Statements of Financial Accounting Standards No. 141, "Business Combinations", and No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets", effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2001. Under the new rules, the pooling of interests method of accounting for acquisitions is no longer allowed and goodwill and intangible assets deemed to have indefinite lives will no longer be amortized but will be subject to annual impairment tests in accordance with the Statements.

The Company has applied the new rules for goodwill and other intangible assets beginning in the first quarter of the fiscal year ending October 31, 2003. The Company performed the first of the required impairment tests of goodwill as of November 1, 2002 and performed the annual tests at October 31, 2003 and has determined there to be no impairment of the remaining goodwill on those dates. The net carrying value of goodwill at November 1, 2003 is \$198,159 for BETA. Amortization of goodwill included in continuing operations for the years ended October 31, 2002 and 2001 totaled \$24,778 for each period respectively.

During the second quarter of the fiscal year ended October 31, 2002 as a result of the then pending sale of its delivery segment (Note 2) the Company deemed the goodwill purchased in the Elley transaction, with a remaining book value totaling approximately \$3,027,000, to be impaired. The impairment of the goodwill from the Elley transaction was reported as part of the loss on the disposal from discontinued operations in the fiscal year ended October 31, 2002.

Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments include all cash balances on hand and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1- ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Inventories

Inventories, which based on the nature of the Company's operations consist solely of finished goods, are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. The Company provides for depreciation generally on an accelerated method (double-declining balance) for personal property and on the straight-line method for real property, by charges to income at rates based upon estimated recovery periods as follows:

Building
Building improvements
Leasehold improvements
Furniture, fixtures and equipment
Automobiles

31-1/2 years 15 to 31-1/2 years Remaining lease term or useful life 5 to 7 years 5 years

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to file a consolidated Federal income tax return with its subsidiaries. The Company's deferred income taxes arise principally from the differences in the recording of expenses relating to the test passage bank and test development (Note 5), differences relating to the reporting of goodwill by the Company's subsidiaries, and net operating losses. Income taxes are reported based upon Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes".

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Software Development

The Company accounts for costs associated with the development of software products pursuant to Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 86, "Accounting for the Costs of Computer Software to be Sold, Leased or Otherwise Marketed". Pursuant to these rules for product development, the work performed prior to the determination of technological feasibility is treated as research and development costs and is expensed as incurred. From the point a project obtains technological feasibility until it is ready for sale, the payroll and payroll-related charges and any direct material costs are capitalized. Capitalization of computer software costs is discontinued when the product is available to be sold.

As of October 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001 unamortized software development costs totaled approximately \$21,000, \$97,000 and \$124,000, respectively, and were included as a component of other assets within the Company's balance sheets.

Amortization

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Loan origination costs and mortgage costs (see Note 7) were amortized using the straight-line method over the term of the indebtedness. Other capitalized costs are amortized using the straight-line method over a period of five (5) years for software development and seven to eleven (7 - 11) years for test passage bank and test development costs. Amortization expense from continuing operations other than goodwill totaled \$522,584, \$489,005 and \$413,742 for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively. Amortization expense for the next five years is as follows:

rear Ended	JClober 31,	
2004		\$445,987
2005	!	430,689
2006	1	382,947
2007		355,867
2008	:	296,642

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accrued Expenses

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

	October 31,		
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>	
Retirement plans	\$ 217,999	\$145,047	
Commissions	27,093	57,061	
Salary	333,326	134,723	
Professional fees	106,394	116,078	
Royalties	99,524	19,699	
Outside services	162,998	142,748	
Other	<u>115,319</u>	<u>97,805</u>	
	<u>\$1,062,653</u>	<u>\$713,161</u>	

Included in the accrued expenses for the year ended October 31, 2003 are expenses related to the closing down of the MLP operations for salaries, retirement plan contributions and royalties totaling \$129,627, \$23,064 and \$75,335 respectively.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and accounts receivable. The Company maintains substantially all its cash balances in a limited number of financial institutions. The balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$100,000. At October 31, 2003 and 2002, the Company's uninsured cash balances totaled \$568,294 and \$82,788, respectively. The Company performs periodic reviews of the relative credit rating of its banks to lower its risk. The Company believes that concentration with regards to accounts receivable is limited due to its large customer base.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues from the Company's sales of its proprietary tests and other assessment-related products, as well as from its instructional materials, are recognized when product is shipped from the Company's warehouse. Assessment consulting revenues are recognized when the consulting services are rendered. Prior to its disposal, tuition revenues from Elley's educational delivery division were recognized at the point in time in which Elley had no exposure to future tuition refunds associated with the respective academic semester. Prior to its disposal, instructional revenues were recognized when the product was shipped from the Company's facilities.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Rights of Return

There is a right of return on test booklets, answer sheets and certain software products. Upon return within a specified period, a credit is issued, with certain chargeoffs, or, in the case of software products, the item is replaced. Historically, the Company's returns have been insignificant. As a result, no reserve has been provided.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and make disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value

The Company has a number of financial instruments, none of which is held for trading purposes. The Company estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at October 31, 2003 and 2002, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of these financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheets. The estimated fair value amounts have been determined by the Company using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies. Considerable judgment is necessarily required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of fair value, and, accordingly, the estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Company could realize in a current market exchange.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Stock Based Compensation

In October 1995, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". The Company currently accounts for its stock-based compensation plans using the accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees". As the Company is not required to adopt the fair value based recognition provisions prescribed under SFAS No. 123, as amended, it has elected only to comply with the disclosure requirements set forth in the statement which includes disclosing pro forma net income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share as if the fair value based method of accounting had been applied.

The fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model with the following weighted average assumptions for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively: expected volatility of 114% and 145%, 142% and 165%, respectively; risk free interest rate of 3.63%, 4.16% and 4.50% and 4.66%, respectively; and expected lives of 5 to 10 years.

The effects of applying SFAS No. 123, as amended, in the above pro forma disclosures are not indicative of future amounts as they do not include the effects of awards granted prior to Fiscal 1996. Additionally, future amounts are likely to be affected by the number of grants awarded since additional awards are generally expected to be made at varying amounts.

The pro forma net income (loss) and income (loss) per share consists of the following:

	Fiscal Year Ended October 31,		
	<u>2003</u>	2002	<u>2001</u>
Net income as reported	\$1,250,949	\$(2,348,005)	\$243,576
Effect of stock options	<u>(18,443)</u>	_(242,918)	(5,297)
Proforma net income	\$1,232,506	\$(2,590,923)	<u>\$ 238,279</u>
Proforma diluted earnings per share	\$.46	\$ (1.00)	\$09

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Earnings (loss) per Share

Earnings (loss) per share for each of the fiscal years ended October 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001 was computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding and also was adjusted for the assumed conversion of shares issuable upon the exercise of options and warrants in accordance with SFAS No. 128, "Earnings Per Share". The Company had a net loss for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2002 and, accordingly, common stock equivalents are excluded from this computation as the effect would be anti-dilutive.

Marketing and Promotional Costs

Marketing and promotional costs are expensed as incurred and aggregated approximately \$353,000, \$276,000 and \$253,000 from continuing operations for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Shipping Costs

The Company classifies shipping costs as a component of selling expenses. Total shipping costs from continuing operations totaled \$72,893, \$86,885 and \$74,906 for the years ended October 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 149, "Amendment of Statement 133 on Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities ("SFAS 149"). This statement amends and clarifies the financial reporting for certain derivative instruments, including certain derivative instruments embedded in other contracts. The Company does not currently have any financial instruments covered by this statement.

In May 2003, the FASB issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 150, "Accounting for Certain Financial Instruments with Characteristics of both Liabilities and Equity" ("SFAS 150") that is applicable to financial statements issued for the first interim period beginning after June 15, 2003. This statement establishes standards for the classification of certain financial instruments with characteristics of both liabilities and equity. The Company does not currently have any financial instruments covered by this statement.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2 - SALE OF NON-CORE SEGMENTS/DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

With the advent of the No Child Left Behind legislation, the Company made the strategic decision to refocus itself in the assessment segment of the K-12 market.

Instructional Segment

In July 2003, the Company sold substantially all the assets of Modern Learning Press, Inc., its wholly-owned subsidiary and the sole component of the Company's instructional segment to Delta Education, LLC ("Delta") for, \$4,020,000 and Delta assumed certain related liabilities. In addition, the Company is responsible, for the payment of up to \$200,000 of certain royalties for a one year period from June 1, 2003 through May 31, 2004. The Company has estimated these royalties based on historical amounts paid, to amount to approximately \$175,000, which has reduced the gain from the sale of the segment. The Company retained the business and assets related to its test preparation materials, Kingsbridge Press, which it considers consistent with the activities of its sole remaining segment. The Company recorded a gain on the disposal of the Instructional segment totaling \$1,748,272 less taxes of \$699,309. Revenues from the Instructional Segment totaled \$1,321,278, \$2,862,927 and \$2,839,008 for the period November 1, 2002 through the date of sale and for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

In addition, the Company entered into a transitional services agreement with Delta, whereby the Company would continue to pay the rent and employee costs of MLP through October 31, 2003 for consideration of \$130,000. On October 31, 2003, the facilities utilized by MLP were closed and the employees terminated. The Company has determined these termination costs, to be approximately \$130,000, which it has recorded as a cost of the sale of the segment.

Delivery Segment

On June 3, 2003, the Company sold substantially all the assets of Elley. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company received \$50,000. In addition, the Company will receive 25 percent of the proceeds from any sale or refinancing of the school by the purchaser to a third party, which must take place within seven years. The assets sold constitute substantially all the assets and operations of the Company's educational delivery segment. The Company recorded a loss on the disposal of Elley totaling \$974,901, and a tax benefit of \$389,960, to reflect the change in the fair value of the net assets sold during the period November 1, 2002 through June 3, 2003. The revenues for the delivery segment were \$3,225,417, \$5,882,026 and \$4,966,974 for the period from November 1, 2002 through June 3, 2003, the date of sale, and the years ended October 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2 - SALE OF NON-CORE SEGMENTS/DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (Continued)

The following net asset and liability amounts of discontinued operations pertain to October 31, 2002.

Net current assets held for sale consisted of the following: Cash Accounts receivable Tuition receivable Inventory Note receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 233,206 214,620 2,260,832 301,977 9,327 135,482 \$3,155,444
Net property plant and equipment held for sale	
iver property plantiand equipment field for Sale	<u>\$ 184,730</u>
Net other assets held for sale consisted of the following: Notes receivable Tuition receivable Deferred taxes Goodwill Other	\$ 150,000 512,225 311,897 <u>464,536</u>
	<u>\$1,438,658</u>
Current liabilities held for sale consisted of the following: Lines of credit Current maturities of long-term debt Current maturities of capital lease obligations Accounts payable Accrued expenses	\$ 400,000 57,540 19,738 812,504 493,722
	<u>\$1,783,504</u>
Other liabilities held for sale consisted of the following: Long-term debt, net of current portion Long-term capitalized lease obligations, net of current portion	\$ 227,053 <u>14,494</u> \$ 241,547
	$\psi \underline{\leftarrow} \leftarrow$

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

_	October 31,		
	<u>2003</u>	2002	
Land	\$	\$ 161,367	
Building and improvements (Note 4)	200,129	2,351,722	
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	390,539	346,484	
Less: accumulated depreciation	590,668 <u>395,327</u>	2,859,573 1,285,412	
	<u>\$195,341</u>	<u>\$1,574,161</u>	

Depreciation expense for the fiscal years ended October 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001 was \$82,726, \$109,409 and \$124,116, respectively.

NOTE 4 - SALE - LEASEBACK OF BUILDING

In July 2003, the Company sold its headquarters building to 26 Palmer LLC for \$2,875,000. The building and related improvements had a net book value of \$1,458,481. The Company reported a gain on the sale totaling \$1,254,627, net of closing costs totaling \$161,891. The building was then leased back to the Company under a ten-year lease agreement. Among other provisions, the lease provides for additional rent to be paid by the Company for real estate taxes and insurance. Future minimum rentals under the agreement are as follows:

Year ended October 31,	
2004	\$ 306,820
2005	316,100
2006	325,453
2007	335,095
2008	345,027
2009 and thereafter	1,850,248
	\$3,478,743

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 5 - TEST PASSAGE BANK AND TEST DEVELOPMENT

The test passage bank is principally comprised of payroll and payroll-related costs as well as freelance consulting costs expended in the development of test passages which are used in the creation of the Company's tests. The process of writing and calibrating a test passage takes approximately two years, and all costs associated with the process are capitalized during this period. Amortization of these costs begins once the development period has elapsed, which in most cases, represents the point in time at which the new test passage is placed into the test passage bank and becomes available to be utilized within the Company's existing tests, or the point in time at which a newly developed test becomes available for sale. Costs capitalized in connection with the development of passages used in the Company's Degrees of Reading Power Test ("DRP") have been estimated to have a useful life of eleven years and, accordingly, are being amortized over an eleven-year period. Costs capitalized in connection with the development of passages used in all other of the Company's tests have been estimated to have a useful life of seven years and, accordingly, are being amortized over a seven-year period.

NOTE 6 - LINES OF CREDIT

The Company obtained a line of credit totaling \$1,000,000 from a bank. Borrowings under the line of credit accrue interest at the bank's prime rate plus one percent (1.0%) per annum and the line, as amended, expires on April 1, 2004. The line is collateralized by the Company's accounts receivable and inventory and contains various financial covenants pertaining to the maintenance of working capital and debt service coverage. As of October 31, 2003, the Company was in compliance with all such covenants. There were no outstanding borrowings under this line as of October 31, 2003 and 2002.

NOTE 7- MORTGAGE PAYABLE

In August 1997, the Company remortgaged its facilities for \$1,800,000. Borrowings on the mortgage incurred interest at the rate of 8 1/8% per annum. The mortgage was to be repaid through equal monthly installments with a balloon payment due in Fiscal 2007. Proceeds from this remortgaging were used to retire all prior mortgages held on the facilities and certain short-term debt associated with the acquisition of MLP. The mortgage was prepaid in July 2003 upon the sale-leaseback of the facilities (see Note 4).

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

			Octobe	r 31,
Description	Interest Rate	<u>Due Date</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2002</u>
Secured mortgage payable to bank in monthly installments of \$15,196 including interest (Note 7)	8 1/8%	2007	\$	\$1,585,700
Equipment loan payable in monthly installments of \$633 plus interest	Prime + 1%	2008	38,000	
pido intorcot			38,000	1,585,700
Less: current maturities			<u>7,600</u>	<u>55,556</u>
			<u>\$30,400</u>	<u>\$1,530,144</u>

Long-term debt matures as follows:

Fiscal year ended Octob	per 31,
2004 \$	7,600
2005	7,600
2006	7,600
2007	7,600
2008	<u>7,600</u>

NOTE 9 - SUBORDINATED DEBENTURE AGREEMENT

\$ 38,000

In October 1998, the Company issued debentures to Cahill Warnock Strategic Partners Fund L.P. ("CWSPF") and Strategic Associates, L.P. ("SA") for an aggregate of \$4,000,000 pursuant to a Securities Purchase Agreement entered into among the parties in September 1998. Interest pursuant to the debentures was incurred at an annual rate of eight percent (8%) and was payable quarterly. The debentures, which were originally due in October 2003, contain provisions for the prepayment of the loan's principal. Additionally, the agreement called for the issuance of warrants to acquire an aggregate of 690,230 shares of the Company's common stock at \$1.25 per share. These warrants are exercisable for a five year period from designated start dates as set forth in the agreement. In December 1999, pursuant to an agreement among the Company, CWSPF and SA, the exercise price of the warrants was amended to be \$1.125 per share. On October 31, 2003, there were warrants outstanding to purchase 138,047 shares of the Company's common stock. The agreement called for certain restrictive covenants, with which the Company was in compliance at October 31, 2003. In September 2002, the due date of the debentures was extended to February 1, 2004. In July 2003, the remaining principal balance due on the debentures was repaid.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 10 - RETIREMENT PLANS

The Company has a qualified 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan, as amended, under which eligible employees who are eighteen years of age and have completed either twelve months or one thousand hours of employment become participants. The Plan provides a matching component under the 401 (k) Profit Sharing Plan of up to five percent (5%) of each eligible employee's compensation.

Net assets for the Profit Sharing Plan, as estimated by the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, which maintains the plan's records, were \$2,341,940 and \$1,735,127 at October 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

The Company has a Money Purchase Pension Plan, as amended, under which eligible employees who are eighteen years of age and have completed either twelve months or one thousand hours of employment become participants. The Plan excludes highly compensated employees and provides for annual contributions of five percent (5%) of each eligible employee's compensation.

Net assets for the Money Purchase Pension Plan, as estimated by the Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company, which maintains the plan's records, were \$1,191,537 and \$940,550 at October 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

For the fiscal years ended October 31, 2003, 2002 and 2001, retirement plan costs aggregated \$198,000, \$142,000 and \$146,000, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Preferred Stock

The Company is authorized to issue 5,000,000 shares of \$.0001 par value preferred stock. The stock may be issued by the Board of Directors of the Company in one or more series and with such preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers and other provisions as may be fixed by the Board of Directors in the resolution authorizing their issuance without any further action of the stockholders.

Stock Issued for Bonuses

In January 2002, the Company paid approximately \$16,000 of bonuses due to certain officers for the year ended October 31, 2001 through the issuance of 35,000 shares of restricted common stock.

Amended and Restated 1991 Stock Option Incentive Plan

The Company has adopted an Amended and Restated 1991 Stock Option Incentive Plan (the "1991 Plan") whereby options to purchase up to an aggregate of 625,000 shares of common stock, may be granted to officers, key employees, directors, and consultants of the Company. Subject to the terms of the 1991 Plan, the Board of Directors is authorized to select optionees and determine the number of shares covered by each option, its exercise price and certain of its other terms. No one participant may receive an award in excess of 50,000 shares in any one fiscal year. All options are 100% vested after twelve months and may be exercised for a nine-year period commencing one year from the date of the grant. The exercise price of an option granted under the Plan may not be less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

Amended and Restated 1991 Stock Option Incentive Plan (continued)

1991 Plan activity is summarized as follows:

	<u>Shares</u>	Option Price Per Share
Options outstanding - October 31, 2001 Granted Cancelled Exercised	475,288 (4,500) 	\$1.668 - \$11.00 \$1.668
Options outstanding - October 31, 2002 Granted Canceled Exercised	470,788 (57,000) 	\$1.668 - \$11.00 \$1.668 - \$11.00
Options outstanding - October 31, 2003	<u>413,788</u>	\$1.668 - \$10.50
Options exercisable - October 31, 2003	<u>413,788</u>	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

2000 Stock Incentive Plan

In February of Fiscal 2000, the Company adopted the 2000 Stock Incentive Plan (the "2000 Plan") which supercedes the 1991 Plan. Options outstanding under the 1991 Plan at October 31, 2000 will remain effective until forfeited, cancelled, or expired without exercise. The 2000 Plan calls for options to purchase up to an aggregate of an additional 300,000 shares of the Company's common stock plus such additional shares as becomes available under the 1991 Plan by reason of forfeiture of awards granted thereunder or cancellation or expiration of such shares without exercise, and may be granted to officers, key employees, directors, and consultants of the Company. Subject to the terms of the 2000 Plan, the Board of Directors is authorized to select optionees and determine the number of shares covered by each option, its exercise price and certain of its other terms. No one participant may receive an award in excess of 150,000 shares in any three fiscal-year period. All options are 100% vested after twelve months and may be exercised for a nine-year period commencing one year from the date of grant. The exercise price of an option granted under the 2000 Plan may not be less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant.

Options outstanding – November 1, 2001 Granted	79,800	\$0.46
Canceled Exercised		
Options outstanding – October 31, 2002 Granted Canceled Exercised	79,800 39,500 (500) (9,000)	\$0.46 \$0.65 \$0.46 \$0.46
Options outstanding – October 31, 2003	<u>109,800</u>	\$0.46 - \$0.65
Options exercisable – October 31, 2003	<u>70,300</u>	\$0.46

Directors Stock Option Plan

In 1996, the Company adopted a Directors Stock Option Plan (the "DSO Plan") whereby options may be granted to purchase up to an aggregate of 25,000 shares of the Company's common stock to directors of the Company who are not officers or employees of the Company or otherwise eligible to receive awards under the 1991 Plan. Pursuant to the DSO Plan, eligible directors would receive an option to purchase 1,250 shares of the Company's common stock on the date the director first becomes eligible. The eligible director would subsequently receive an option to purchase 625 shares of the Company's common stock on the date of each succeeding annual meeting of the stockholders, unless the director's term ends on or before that date. Each option granted is exercisable at the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date granted, and may be exercised for a nine-year period commencing one year from the date of the grant.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

Directors Stock Option Plan (continued)

In February 2000, the Company adopted an amendment to the DSO Plan increasing the number of options, which may be granted under the DSO Plan, to an aggregate of 75,000 shares. The amendment also increased the number of shares of the Company's common stock to be subject to the automatic grants made to directors from 1,250 shares to 5,000 shares upon first being elected to the Board of Directors of the Company and 625 shares to 2,500 shares upon each re-election to the Board of Directors.

Directors' stock option plan activity is summarized as follows:

	<u>Shares</u>	Option Price Per Share
Options outstanding – October 31, 2001 Granted Canceled Exercised	34,375 12,500 	\$1.50 - \$7.85 \$1.00
Options outstanding – October 31, 2002 Granted Canceled Exercised	46,875 10,000 <u></u>	\$0.62 - \$7.85 \$0.70
Options outstanding – October 31, 2003	<u>56,875</u>	\$0.62 - \$7.85
Options exercisable – October 31, 2003	<u>46,375</u>	\$0.62 - \$7.85

Consultants Stock Incentive Plan

The Company has adopted a Consultants Stock Incentive Plan (the "CSI Plan") whereby options to purchase up to 50,000 shares of the Company's common stock may be granted to consultants or advisors of the Company. Subject to the terms of the CSI Plan, a committee of the Board of Directors is authorized to select participants and determine the number of shares covered by each option, its exercise price and other terms. The exercise price, however, may not be less than the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of the grant.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 11 - STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (Continued)

Consultants Stock Incentive Plan (continued)

	<u>Shares</u>	Option Price Per Share
Options outstanding – October 31, 2001 Granted Canceled Exercised	7,500 	\$.90
Options outstanding – October 31, 2003 and 2002	<u>7,500</u>	\$.90
Options exercisable – October 31, 2003	<u>7,500</u>	\$.90

NOTE 12 - INCOME TAXES

Deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes using the enacted tax rates in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred income tax liabilities and assets are comprised as follows:

	October 31,		
	2003	2002	
Deferred tax assets:	0 4000	0 44.050	
Goodwill	\$ 1,368	\$ 11,650	
Net operating loss	1,321,138	1,842,891	
Salaries	63,327	00.000	
Bad debt allowance	2,788	29,039	
Other	<u> 12,811</u>	<u> 14,652</u>	
Gross deferred tax assets	<u>1,401,432</u>	1,898,232	
Deferred tax liability: Test passage bank and test development	(37,558)	(22,562)	
Gross deferred tax liability	(37,558)	(22,562)	
Net deferred tax assets	<u>\$1,363,874</u>	<u>\$1,875,670</u>	

The Company believes it is more likely than not that this net deferred tax asset will be realized in future periods and, accordingly, no valuation allowance has been recorded.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 12 - INCOME TAXES (Continued)

The Company's income tax expense from continuing operations consists of the following:

i :	Fiscal Year Ended October 31,			
l .	2003	2002	<u>2001</u>	
Current: Federal State	\$ <u>73,781</u>	\$ 4,563	\$(119,521) 69,001	
	<u>73,781</u>	<u>4,563</u>	(50,520)	
Deferred:				
Federal	581,183	63,797	198,512	
State	<u>168,730</u>	<u> 18,522</u>	<u>55,990</u>	
	749,913	<u>82,319</u>	<u>254,502</u>	
Provision for income taxes	<u>\$823,694</u>	<u>\$86,882</u>	\$203,982	

A reconciliation of the difference between the expected income tax rate using the statutory Federal tax rate and the Company's effective rate for continuing operations is as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ended October 31,		
1	2003	2002	2001
U.S. Federal income tax statutory rate	34%	34%	34%
State income tax, net of Federal income tax benefit	7	7	7
Other - including tax free income, goodwill and net operating losses	<u>3</u>	=	<u>(6)</u>
Effective tax rate	<u>44</u> %	<u>41</u> %	<u>35</u> %

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 13 - EMPLOYMENT AGREEMENTS

The Company has employment agreements with several of its key employees. The agreements are for varying terms ranging from one to three years and are automatically extended each year unless the Company notifies the employee, in writing, ranging from at least 60 to 180 days prior to the anniversary date, that the agreement will not be extended.

Each agreement calls for a base salary, which may be adjusted annually at the discretion of the Company's Board of Directors, and also provides for eligibility in the Company's benefit plans and incentive bonuses which are payable based upon the attainment of certain profitability goals. Among other provisions, the agreements include a non-compete clause for varying periods not exceeding three years following termination of employment.

The aggregate commitment for future salaries as of October 31, 2003, excluding bonuses and benefits, is as follows:

Fiscal year ending October 31.

2004	\$ 863,759
2005	494,244
2006	484,923
2007	 136,383

\$1,979,309

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TOUCHSTONE APPLIED SCIENCE ASSOCIATES, INC.

January 29, 2004

By: /s/ ANDREW L. SIMON

Andrew L. Simon

President and Chief Executive

Officer (principal executive officer and principal financial officer)

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Date</u>
/s/ ANDREW L. SIMON Andrew L. Simon	Director and Chairman of the Board	January 29, 2004
/s/ MICHAEL D. BECK Michael D. Beck	Director	January 29, 2004
/s/ STEVEN R. BERGER Steven R. Berger	Director	January 29, 2004
/s/ DONALD W. HUGHES Donald W. Hughes	Director	January 29, 2004
/s/ LINDA G. STRALEY Linda G. Straley	Director	January 29, 2004
/s/THOMAS STRUZZIERI Thomas Struzzieri	Director	January 29, 2004
/s/ DAVID L. WARNOCK David L. Warnock	Director	January 29, 2004

CONSENT OF LAZAR, LEVINE & FELIX LLP

We consent to the incorporation by reference of our report dated December 11, 2003 with respect to the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto of Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc. included in its Annual Report (Form 10-KSB) for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2003 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission into (i) the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-3 (SEC File No. 333-27659), (ii) the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (SEC File No. 333-424), (iii) the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (SEC File No. 333-75377), (iv) the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (SEC File No. 333-110156), and (v) the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8 (SEC File No. 333-110157).

LAZAR, LEVINE & FELIX LLP

New York, New York January 29, 2004

CERTIFICATION

- I, ANDREW L. SIMON, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-KSB of TOUCHSTONE APPLIED SCIENCE ASSOCIATES, INC. for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2003.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this Annual Report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this Annual Report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this Annual Report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this Annual Report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) for the registrant and have:
- a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this Annual Report is being prepared;
- b) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this Annual Report (the "Evaluation Date"); and
- c) presented in this Annual Report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures based on our evaluation as of the Evaluation Date;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- a) all significant deficiencies in the design or operation of internal controls which could adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial data and have identified for the registrant's auditors any material weaknesses in internal controls; and
- b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal controls; and
- 6. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have indicated in this Annual Report whether or not there were significant changes in internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect internal controls subsequent to the date of our most recent evaluation, including any corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

Date: January 29, 2004

/s/ ANDREW L. SIMON

President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

TOUCHSTONE APPLIED SCIENCE ASSOCIATES, INC.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Touchstone Applied Science Associates, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-KSB for the period ending October 31, 2003 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Andrew L. Simon, President and Director of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

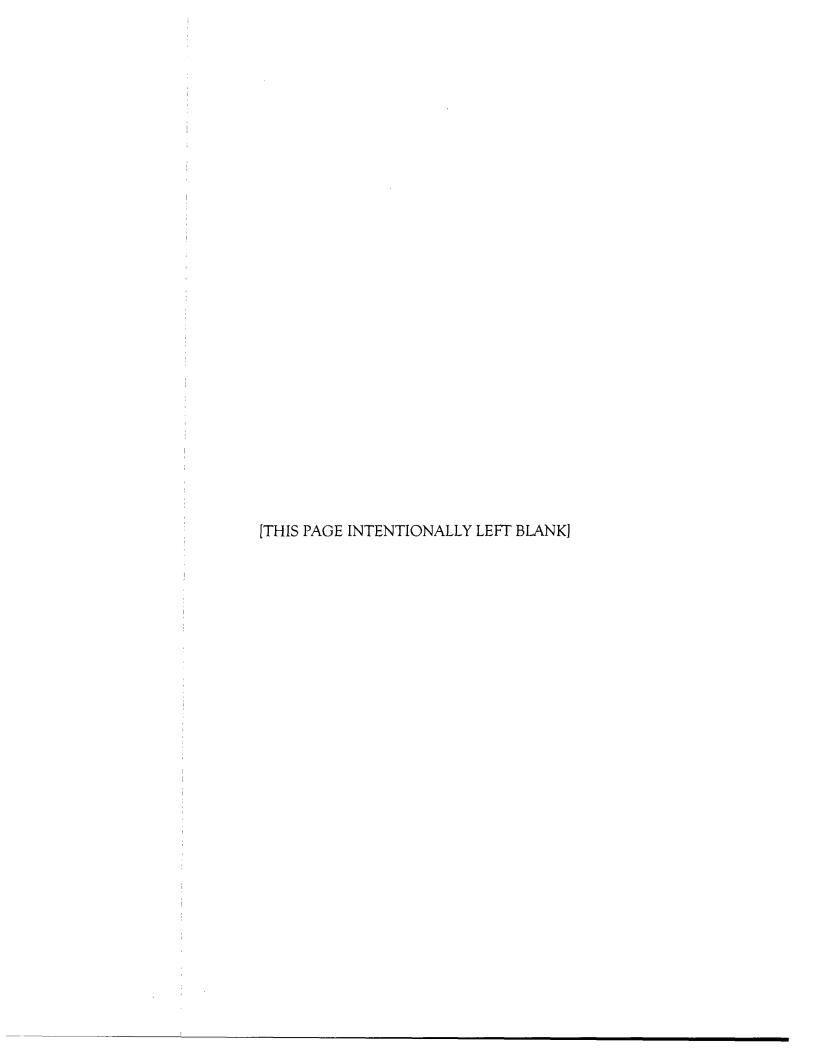
- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

January 29, 2004

/s/ ANDREW L. SIMON

President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer

A SIGNED ORIGINAL OF THIS WRITTEN STATEMENT REQUIRED BY SECTION 906, OR OTHER DOCUMENT AUTHENTICATING, ACKNOWLEDGING, OR OTHERWISE ADOPTING THE SIGNATURE THAT APPEARS IN TYPED FORM WITHIN THE ELECTRONIC VERSION OF THIS WRITTEN STATEMENT REQUIRED BY SECTION 906, HAS BEEN PROVIDED TO TOUCHSTONE APPLIED SCIENCE ASSOCIATES, INC. AND WILL BE RETAINED BY TOUCHSTONE APPLIED SCIENCE ASSOCIATES, INC. AND FURNISHED TO THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION OR ITS STAFF UPON REQUEST.



CORPORATE DIRECTORY

Board of Director	S
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Executive Management

ANDREW L. SIMON

Chairman of the Board

MICHAEL D. BECK

STEVEN R. BERGER^{1,2}

DONALD W. HUGHES2

LINDA G. STRALEY

THOMAS STRUZZIERI^{1,2}

DAVID L. WARNOCK1

ANDREW L. SIMON

President, CEO

MICHAEL D. BECK

President, CEO-BETA

PETER A. DUHAMEL

Senior Vice President-TASA

LINDA G. STRALEY

Vice President, Secretary-TASA

Independent Auditors

Lazar, Levine & Felix LLP Certified Public Accountants New York, NY 10118

Securities Counsel

Vedder, Price, Kaufman & Kammholz 805 Third Avenue New York, NY 10022-2203

Transfer Agent

American Stock Transfer & Trust 59 Maiden Lane, Plaza Level New York, NY 10038

General Counsel

Rider, Weiner, Frankel et al. 655 Little Britain Rd. New Windsor, NY 12553

Investor Relations

Karl Plath
The Investor Relations Company
2340 South River Road, Suite 200
Des Plaines, IL 60018-3223
847-296-4200

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders will be held at

TASA Headquarters
4 Hardscrabble Heights, Brewster, New York 10509
on April 30, 2004 at 10:00 A.M.

Phone: 845-277-8100

¹ Member of Compensation Committee

² Member of Audit Committee